FIRST EDITION.

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1872. NUMBER 202.

GENERAL POLITICS.

Henry L. Acker, Chairman of the Labor Reform Central Committee of Pennsylvania, denounces as an unfounded canard the report of a State Convention of the Labor party said to have been held in Philadelphia on the 25th. He declares that the reported proceedings thereat are a fraud, and that the parties whose names appear in the reports are unknown in connection with the Labor Reform party of Pennsylvania.

The Republicans of the twenty-first New York district renominated by acclamation Hon. Clinton L. Merriman for Congress.

The Executive Committee of the New York Reform Association have addressed a letter to the Police Commissioners, who have the appointment of election inspectors, proposing to name two of the six inspectors of each district, leaving four to be appointed by the commissioners. The committee protest against the appointment of office-holders to be inspectors, and promise that one-half of their appointees shall be Republicans and one-half Democrats, and none office-holders.

A number of straight-out Democrats, including Senator Stockton, of New Jersey, Henry Thompson, of Pennsylvania, J. R. Gilbert, of Kentucky, Wilson H. Curtis, of Ohio, and Henry Williamson, of Maryland, met at Long Branch yesterday to hear the report of the Executive Committee appointed by the conference held at Long Branch last June. After reading a long report, a speech by the chairman, J. R. Gilbert, and the passage of a series of resolutions, the following were appointed delegates to the Louisville Convention, and instructed to support Charles O'Conor as the nominee for the Presidency: Horace Black, of Delaware; Henry K. Williamson, Robert Preston, and Edgar Joyald, of Maryland; Henry Thompson and Joel Applegate, of Pennsylvania; Richard Henderson, of West Virginia; Wilson Perry, of New Jersey; J. R. Gilbert, of Kentucky; Rufus Rogers and Theobald Davies, of Ohio; Charles Martin, Geo. Gulden and James O'Brien, of New York.

A meeting of Democrats was held in Des Moines, Iowa, last evening, at which resolutions were passed endorsing the Louisville movement. A State mass Convention of straight-out Democrats will be held there on Wednesday, to elect delegates to the Louisville Convention.

The straight-out Democrats of the Twenty-ninth New York district will meet at Niagara Falls to-day to select delegates to the Louisville Convention.

The Democrats of Pottsville, Pa., yesterday nominated Hon. Bernard Reilly for Congress.

Charles O'Conor said recently: "The country is in a prosperous condition—teeming with plenty, in fact,—and there is no cause for any kind of apprehension."

Thirty-one States have chosen delegates to the Louisville Convention. The question will soon arise, which is the "side show" and which the "mammoth circus"—that at Cincinnati or that at Louisville?

The people of the United States know General Grant—have known all about him since Donelson and Vicksburg; they do not know his slanderers, and do not care to know them.—*Horace Greeley.*

Hon. Thomas Steere, who was last year the Democratic candidate for Governor of Rhode Island, addressed the Woonsocket Republicans last week in favor of Grant and Wilson.

President Grant remarked, in reply to some earnest queries as to political matters addressed to him a few days since, that, while he had no unkind words to utter concerning Senator Sumner, he was perfectly willing to place his acts against Sumner's words.

Carl Schurz once made a speech at Fort Wayne, Ind., on which occasion he was pelted with cabbage heads. Stooping down he picked up one of the heads hurled at him, and, holding it in his hand, said: "These of my countrymen who vote with the Democratic party have no more intelligence than this cabbage head."

The New York *Sun* says Charles O'Conor, in an interview with James McKenna, in which he was solicited to become the candidate of the Democrats and Liberals for Governor of the State, said he did not seek the nomination, but if nominated he would accept.

Ex-Mayor Havemeyer has addressed a letter to General Dix congratulating him on his nomination by the Republican Convention, and urging that in the interests of the Republican party and of the people of the State of New York Dix allow his name to stand at the head of the Ticket.

The friends O'Conor, notwithstanding the frequent endeavors to induce him to make public his views and intentions regarding the acceptance of the Louisville nomination, if tendered him, still maintains the greatest reticence on the subject, declining to answer all questions.

STATE NEWS.

ARMSTRONG.—A ferry has lately been established at Miller's Eddy.——Rosenberger, the Police Chief of Kittanning, is doing a brisk business.——A Grant and Wilson Club was organized at Brady's Bend last week.——Apples are already a drug in our market, the crop throughout the county being unusually large. In one or two instances good apples were sold on our streets at 15 cents per bushel. As a general thing they bring from 25 to 40 cents per bushel.—*Kittanning Gazette.*——Work on the bridge at Parker's Landing is progressing rapidly, and if it is vigorously pushed, the bridge will be ready for travel on the first of October. The end abutments have already several tiers of stone laid, and workmen are building a coffer dam for one of the river piers. The bridge will be made of iron, twelve hundred feet in length, and is being built by the Canton (Ohio) Bridge Company at a cost of $100,000.

BEAVER.—The *Argus* says the South Side Railroad, from Mill Run, Fayette county, to Georgetown, in this county, we learn is receiving subscriptions to its stock from residents along the route through which it is located, very liberally and generally. The line is about 25 miles in length, and will afford facilities of transport to market to the products of a rich agricultural and mineral section hitherto, to a great extent, deprived of them.——Jesse, a little son of David R. Blaine, of Rochester, aged seven years, was drowned on Wednesday afternoon in the Big Beaver creek, near McKinley's run.——Mr. John Doherty, an old and highly respected citizen of Bridgewater, died very suddenly and unexpectedly at his residence on Tuesday evening last, about nine o'clock, of disease of the heart. He was in the seventy-second year of his age, and was held in high esteem by all his acquaintances and neighbors.

CLARION.—On Monday last, as the Tionesta hack was crossing the Lacytown bridge, the horses frightened at some cattle and backed off the side of the bridge, going over the embankments, at the distance of about thirty feet. The horses and driver escaped unhurt, but the hack was literally smashed to pieces.——Geo. S. Hunter, of Tionesta, has challenged A. C. Porter, editor of the Forest Republican, to walk to Clarion and back, 52 miles, on the 10th of September, on a wager of $50—the one accomplishing it first to be declared the winner. Porter accepts, and Peery's victory will be certain.——Both men are county Westons.——The route has been determined for the track of the Clarion County Railroad, the contracts have been given, and the work commenced at building the road. The new town of Sligo, at the northern terminus of the road, is spreading out. Lots have been sold and building is going on extensively. The Sligo Furnace Company is building a large hotel. A fire brick manufactory is in operation, and a blast furnace and a foundry are being built. Work is now going on at grading the streets and the town is assuming a business appearance.——The *Press* publishes a rumor that a one-fourth interest in the Clarinet coal works, a short distance from New Bethlehem, has been purchased by the A. V. R. R. Co., for the sum of $50,000.——Geo. W. Keys, aged 17 years, and Miss Maria Davis, aged 15 years, were united in marriage at Madisonburg, on Saturday, August 10th. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Joshua Shoemaker.

CAMBRIA.—The Ebensburg *Freeman* says: "There were four hundred boarders at the Mineral Point House on last Sunday, and the Cullan House and Summit House were full to overflowing.——We mentioned in these columns two or three months ago that a brother of Mrs. Ellis Jones, of Cambria township, had died in New Orleans, leaving her the bulk of his fortune. This fortune was variously estimated at from $50,000 to $150,000. Sequel: On Wednesday a gentleman arrived from New Orleans here, bringing with him drafts for $45,000, which he turned over to Mrs. Jones, as the first installment of the bequest. The entire bequest, he says, will represent the value of $150,000.

FOREST.—Forest county is good for something else than pine stumps and "triangular slabs," after all. A gentleman from the head of Bear Creek, in that county, shot a hawk, a few days since, which measured three feet and ten inches from the tip of the beak to the tip of the tail, four feet and two inches from tip to tip of the wings, and from the end of the front claw to the end of the hind one was four and one-fourth inches.

MERCER.—On Tuesday night of last week, the barn of Mr. Henry Koonce, about two miles from Greenville, on the Clarkville and Wilmington road, was struck by lightning and totally destroyed. The barn contained a large amount of hay and grain, which had just been harvested. The loss is estimated at $1,500 to $1,800. Insured in the Pennsylvania Mutual, but to what amount we have not ascertained.——Scarlet fever is raging to an alarming extent among the children in the vicinity of Sheakleyville.——Considerable sickness is reported in the vicinity of Sharon and Wheatland.——Active preparations are being made for the forthcoming fair in this county. The managers of the Central Society are having the grounds and buildings put in order, and are making other necessary provisions for a successful fair.——On Saturday morning the carriage factory of McDowell & Cook, of Greenville, was destroyed by fire. All the finished work in the ware-room was saved, but all the unfinished work and stock in the paint and trimming shops was destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of incendiaries. Loss, about $6,000; insured for $2,000.

LAWRENCE.—The New Castle *Gazette* says: Mr. James Neelis, of North Beaver township, who served in the war of 1812, and who is eighty years of age, gathered and shocked ninety dozen of wheat and raked and bound twelve dozen one day of last harvest. He left off work at 5 o'clock P. M.

CASUALTIES.

Drowned.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—Patrick Downer, aged fourteen, was drowned in the Wolf river yesterday while bathing.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

FT. PLAIN, N. Y., August 26.—A buggy containing two men was struck by lightning last night. The horse was killed and the men are missing.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—It is reported that a train from New York, when near Tacony, this evening, run over a carriage, killing a Mr. Biddle and three others.

THE WEATHER.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—The weather is still unprecedentedly warm. There were eight cases of sun-stroke yesterday, and four were fatal.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The weather was frightful hot again to-day; about thirty-six cases of sun stroke were reported, which probably not include more than half the cases that have occurred. Seventeen inquests were held and sixty-five burial permits issued by the Board of Health.

COLUMBUS.

Turners' Reunion.

COLUMBUS, O., August 26.—The regular festivities of the Turners' Reunion were completed to-day. This morning the Turners paraded on High street, and then moved off to City Park. The day was cheerfully occupied in general enjoyment, and hundreds of spectators flocked to the ground. At two o'clock this afternoon the contest in gymnastics was commenced for prizes, which were awarded at a ball at Turner Hall to-night.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS,

From Various Points.

—Ralph J. Ingersoll, Minister to Russia, under President Polk, died in New Haven, Ct., on Monday, August 26.

—At Canaan, N. H., on Sunday, the wife of Dr. Asa Wheeler died from chloroform administered by her husband before extracting teeth.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad will issue excursion tickets for the Louisville Democratic Convention, good from August 29 till September 13, at half rates.

—A dispatch from Castorville, Ill., says William Fishback, Sheriff of Macoupin county, and nominee for re-election, committed suicide on Sunday, shooting himself in the head. Cause—jealousy.

—Arthur Stevenson, who started from Gloucester, Massachusetts, to row to New York in a cherry, reached there safely last Thursday evening, at seven o'clock. He had to lie to for four days, wind bound on the passage, and in rounding Cape Cod he rowed thirty-eight hours consecutively.

—The strike of coal miners in St. Clair county, Illinois, which was supposed to have ended some days ago, took a fresh start yesterday. At a meeting of miners near Belleville, yesterday, it was decided by sixteen unions represented to hold out for four cents per bushel, the price demanded at the outset.

BUTLER OIL FIELDS.

Excitement Still on the Increase.

THE WELL FLOWING 400 BARRELS A DAY.

Oil Operators Pronounce it the Largest Well Now Known.

WHAT IS BEING DONE AND HOW THE CITIZENS TAKE IT.

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUTLER, PA., August 26, 1872.

Your correspondent, together with Mr. J. M. McC. Creighton, Frank Ardary and several others arrived here yesterday, and found the old town of Butler—that has usually kept the Sabbath day sacred as the Pilgrims in former days—in a perfect uproar and wild with excitement. Every corner had a half dozen of men around it, all talking about that "Boydstown well." When your correspondent with several others arrived, these around the hotel were heard to say, "There comes a lot of sharks from Pittsburgh. They will buy up everything before we can get a smell." After getting a good Butler county dinner, a party of us, headed by Col. John M. Thompson, started for the well. On the way we passed wagons of all descriptions filled with people, while many persons were walking, all on their way "to the well." After an hours' drive in the sun, with the thermometer 98 in the shade and still heating, we arrived at the lucky spot and found crowds from all parts of the country. A great many had brought lunch with them and were scattered around promiscuously in groups engaged in eating.

One old gentleman to whom the writer was introduced, said he had come from Porterville, twenty-eight miles, to see the well, and his aged wife must come along, that she might see "a live oil well" before she died.

We were very much disappointed to find no oil running, and found that the owners had put a plug in the pipe to stop the flow, as every vessel about was full, besides many holes in the ground. Col. Tompson, however, was determined that we "should see how the old thing worked," and so offered the owner $20 if they would pull the plug, and let all present see the show. The offer was accepted, and in a few months the driller pulled out the stopper and instantly the oil shot out and up to a height of eigty feet. Some of those who had, in their anxiety gone too near, were treated to an oil bath, which ruined their clothing—the ladies especially who passed through that ordeal were satisfied. About twenty-five barrels of oil were thrown out before the plug could again be inserted. Think of it! twenty-five barrels of oil for $20.

The well is what experienced operators call a 400 barrel well. It flows by heads, and flows about twenty-five barrels every thirty minutes. The owners, I understand, were offered seventy-five thousand dollars for it, and intend accepting the offer. Who the parties were I could not learn. Dr. Crawford, an old and experienced operator, purchased to-day five acres of ground near the well, for which he paid two thousand five hundred dollars cash. Already there are three or four small houses built, and to-day a surveyor was laying out a new town, which will be named Jameson, after the gentleman who had the courage to put down the well, and who had concluded to stop drilling on Saturday and abandon it as not being successful. A pipe line is now being surveyed from the well to Butler, and the Union Pipe Line intend to commence laying the pipe next week.

MAC.

M'COY'S STATION.

Fearful Accident—A Young Man Killed at a Camp Meeting While Under the Influence of Liquor.

(Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

M'COY'S STATION, Jefferson Co., Ohio, August 26, 1872.

Yesterday afternoon a terrible accident occurred at Hallow Rock camp meeting, near here, resulting in the almost instant death of a young man named Galaspy. While under the influence of liquor young Galaspy was thrown from his horse, which tramped upon his breast and kicked him on the head. He was taken up and Dr. Silvers, of Wellsville, and two other physicians called to attend him, but nothing could be done, and in less than thirty minutes death ensued. The young man was about twenty-five years of age. This terrible accident—a man being hurried into eternity in such a condition—has filled the community with feelings of horror.

Two men named Morrison Murray and James Reed were arrested yesterday for disturbing Racoon camp meeting while intoxicated. They flourished knives and revolvers and dared any one to arrest them.

ST. LOUIS.

The Indian Council.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The *Times* will publish a letter from the Indian council at the Cheyenne agency, which brings the proceedings down to the 13th inst. Lone Wolf, the principal chief of the Kiowas, made a speech, in which he said before any peace can be made with the Government, the military must be removed from the country, the Agents abandoned, and the soldiers sent home. Raiding into Texas, he said, they would never be willing to renounce. The Comanches, Quedals and guerilla bands of Mexicans make that country their raiding grounds, and the Kiowas will never give up their share of spoils. The council was expected to adjourn the next day after the letter was written.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE OLD WORLD.

The Geneva Arbitration.

The Proceedings Coming to a Close—British Arguments Answered by the American Counsel—Cholera Raging in India—The Cereal Crop Favorable in France—Grand Musical Festival in Geneva—Preparations at Berlin for the Emperors' Meeting.

SWITZERLAND.

THE GENEVA ARBITRATION.

NEW YORK, August 26.—A Geneva special says the business of the tribunal is drawing to a close, and a decision is expected in two weeks. Accountants are calculating the amount of damages occasioned by each cruiser. When this is completed, the Arbitration will render their decision: First, there England is responsible for each cruiser, and being responsible, as to the sum she should pay. The case of the Shenandoah excites an earnest contest, the Americans pressing the case, and asking damages for the destruction of whaling ships. The Georgia case is practically abandoned.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The morning journals have some later dispatches from Geneva, which indicate an early termination of the labors of the Court on the Alabama claims, and one of them publishes in full the closing arguments of the American counsel, Messrs. Cushing and Evarts, in response to the English discussion of certain points submitted by the Court for explanation subsequent to the close of the counter cases. In the course of their argument it would appear that the English counsel had questioned the preventive power of the law of the United States for the preservation of neutrality in case of a vessel not armed or not in a condition that would permit the commital of hostilities at the moment of its departure from an American port, and also cited instances in which filibustering adventures had been sustained by the American law. To the first part of this argument Cushing replies by quoting the law of the United States and decisions of the Supreme Court sustaining the broadest interpretation of its preventive provisions. The second part he disposes of by reminding the Court that England is now before the Tribunal, and that if she has failed to use due diligence in observing the conventional rules of the treaty of Washington. That if America has failed or not in her duties of neutrality according to the common law, is not a question submitted to the arbitrators, and that America replies at the proper time and place for her acts to those whom such acts may have injured. It matters little, argued Cushing, what the interpretation of the municipal law of England may be: the interpretation of the law of the United States towards Spain or Mexico, or even towards England herself, is not in dispute. There is only one question to be decided by the Geneva court. "Has England failed, yes or no, in using due diligence required by the treaty of Washington in the case of the Anglo-Confederate privateers?"

GENEVA, August 26.—The Board of Arbitration reassembled this afternoon, and after a session of three hours adjourned to Tuesday noon. The session was secret. Only the arbitrators were present. The absence of the counsel and agents of England and America indicates the conclusion of the consideration of general questions, and that the final work of the Board has been reached.

GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

GENEVA, August 24.—The grand musical festival here yesterday was a brilliant affair, and in every way successful. There was competitive singing, in which one hundred and twenty-five societies took part, and a long torch light procession in the evening, with a fine display of fireworks. Every house was decorated, and the illumination at night was general. The festival continued throughout to-day and closed to-night with a ball.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUIET AT BELFAST.

LONDON, August 26.—The reported renewal of riots in Belfast on Saturday is untrue. On the contrary, all is quiet there, and the reinforcements of troops lately sent there are being sent home.

SAILED FOR AMERICA.

LONDON, August 26.—Baron Charles Lederer, Austrian Minister to the United States, who has been home on leave of absence, sailed from Liverpool on the Saturday last for Portland, Me., for New York, *en route* for Washington, to resume his duties. Signor Marlo was also a passenger on the same steamship.

STANLEY REPLYING TO CRITICISMS.

LONDON, August 27.—Mr. Stanley has written a letter to the *Daily Telegraph*, replying to the criticisms in the *Spectator* and *Saturday Review*.

PERSONAL.

Miss Emily Faithful will sail for America early next month.

Mr. Johnston, M. P., arrived at Londonderry yesterday. There was no demonstration on his landing. He goes to Belfast immediately.

TRANQUILITY IN BELFAST.

Tranquility continues in Belfast. Public houses have opened their doors again.

A SECOND CHAMBER IN THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY.

A special dispatch to the *Times* from Paris says, "The report that President Thiers will propose to the National Assembly after its recess the formation of a second chamber is absolutely correct."

FRENCH OFFICERS TO VISIT ALDERSHOT.

LONDON, August 26.—The French Minister of War has detailed officers to visit the camp at Aldershot.

AUSTRIA.

MOVEMENTS OF THE EMPEROR.

PESTH, August 26.—Emperor Francis Joseph will arrive here on the 1st of September, and open the Hungarian Diet in person. Prime Minister Andreassy and the heads of departments will join the Emperor on the 3d, and accompany him on his visit to the King of Saxony, at Dresden, which will take place on the 5th. The Emperor will proceed to Berlin on the 6th, to meet the Emperor of Germany.

CARLOTTA DYING.

LONDON, August 26.—The Empress Carlotta is reported to be dying. All hope has been given up, and the last sacrament has been administered.

FRANCE.

THE CROPS.

LONDON, August 26.—The reports of the condition of cereals in France are favorable. The crops are pronounced very good in forty-two departments, good in thirty-seven, passable in six, good in Corsica and excellent in Algeria. Yet estimates of the probable yield in America and Eastern Europe state that these countries cannot furnish the customary supplies of breadstuffs, and that England and Italy will require more than usual. The exports from France may possibly exceed 10,000,000 hectolitres, but it is feared that the increase of French prices in foreign bottoms will have a bad effect on commerce, and restrict the facility of transportation.

GERMANY.

PREPARING FOR THE EMPEROR'S MEETING.

BERLIN, August 26.—Great preparations are being made here for the festivities attending the meeting of the Emperors of Germany, Austria and Russia. The great day will be the 7th of September, when their majesties of Russia and Austria will be received. In the forenoon there will be a grand military parade, in the afternoon a state banquet at the Castle, and in the evening a gala performance at the Royal Opera, attended by the three Emperors. This will be succeeded by a torch light procession, and the entire city will be illuminated.

SPAIN.

THE ELECTION.

MADRID, August 26.—The returns from the Provinces show that two-thirds of the successful candidates for the Cortes are members of the Government party, and that the Radicals supported the Government at the polls.

INDIA.

Cholera.

BOMBAY, Tuesday morning, August 27, via London, August 26, 10:30 P. M.—The cholera has appeared in the valley of Cashmere, and is reported to be raging with great violence.

FIRES.

New York.

NEW YORK, August 26.—A fire occurred in the United States bonded warehouse of Charles Zoats, No. 8 Washington street, which falls principally on importers of liquors, will amount to $200,000. The origin is said to be the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—A fire broke out at midnight in a lumber yard on Freeman street. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. John K. Green & Co. lost $12,000 in lumber. Fully insured in home companies. J. and J. M. Thompson lost $3,000 worth of lumber, probably insured.

OBITUARY.

Bishop Upfold.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 26.—The venerable Bishop Upfold died to-day at 1:25. He has been Bishop of this Diocese since 1849. For the past seven years he has been incapable, from disease, of official duties. He will be buried on Thursday.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Result of the Election.

JACOBS' MAJORITY INCREASING.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—The *Chronicle's* Wheeling (West Virginia) special says that thirty-one counties have reported up to noon today, and give Jacobs, the Independent Democratic candidate, five thousand two hundred and ninety-eight majority. Twenty-eight counties give one thousand three hundred and sixty-seven majority against the Constitution. Davis, Independent Democratic candidate, is elected to Congress from this district.

GREEN RIVER, WHITE SULPHER SPRINGS, W. VA., August 26.—In this (the Third) Congressional District, nine counties heard from give Camden a majority of 1,000. Twelve counties unheard from will, at a fair estimate, give Camden 2,500 majority, making his majority in the district 3,500.

RAILROADS.

St. Louis & Southeastern.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The stockholders of the St. Louis & Southeastern Railroad Company, at a meeting here to-day, unanimously ratified the articles of consolidation recently entered into by that company with the Evansville, Henderson & Nashville and Edgefield & Kentucky roads, by which the roads between here and Nashville are brought under one management.

NEW YORK TO BOSTON.

NEW YORK, August 26.—A new railroad and steamboat line between this city and Boston has been arranged *via* the Long Island railroad steamers from Greenport to New London, and thence by rail to Boston by the New London Northern, and Boston, Hartford and Erie railroads. The distance is two hundred and fifty miles, and will be accomplished in nine hours.

ATCHISON AND NEBRASKA.

ATCHISON, KAN., August 26.—The Atchison and Nebraska Railroad was completed on Saturday to Lincoln, the capital of Nebraska, one hundred and forty-six miles north-west of this city. To-day trains commenced running to that place. The completion of this road to Lincoln makes a direct short line from St. Louis to Fort Kearney, on the Union Pacific Railroad. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific road commenced running through trains from here to Chicago yesterday.

CENTRAL PACIFIC.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 26.—The Executive Committee of the Committee of One Hundred this afternoon rejected the compromise resolutions in favor of granting the Central Pacific Railroad a subsidy of two and a half million dollars in consideration of the Local Island protest and the construction of Ravenswood Bridge.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 26.—The subscriptions to the stock of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad now aggregate $1,587,500, and the number of subscribers 2,022.

THE CAMPAIGN.

South Carolina Republican Convention.

COLUMBIA, August 26.—The Republican State Convention this morning adopted a platform, with additional planks, pledging the party that public schools and institutions shall not be closed for the want of maintenance by the State, acknowledge the right of the Federal Government to interfere for the preservation of peace, and thanking the Government for what it has done in this State, asking executive clemency for Negroes under sentence, and pledging the party to the enforcement act, in favor of immigration and for the establishment of factories for the development of the State, and pledging the party to back all comers with consideration and justice.

The only excitement during the morning session was caused by a fierce and specific attack by E. J. Mackey upon the Bolters' ticket and its supporters, which was vociferously applauded by the convention. He was especially severe in his arraignment of Senator Sawyer and Attorney General Corbin, whose whole career was scrutinized.

The following is the electoral ticket of the regular convention: S. A. Swails (colored), W. J. Taft (white), Henry Sparrick (white), T. J. Mackey (white), Solomon Bell (white), W. Gainey (white), and W. B. Nash (colored).

The convention adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

The Bolters' Convention met and completed the ticket by nominating S. A. Payne (colored) for Lieutenant Governor, Mason B. Allen (colored) for Secretary of State, J. Scott Murray (white) for Treasurer, and H. E. Roberts (colored) for Superintendent of Education.

A platform was adopted endorsing President Grant and the Philadelphia platform, denouncing the State Government as a "Mass of robbers," pledging the ticket to pay all honestly and legally contracted debts, promising an honest administration and a reduction of taxes, denouncing the pledges of the regular candidates as mere blinds for selfish ends, and declaring no law can protect the Treasury if the regular candidates be elected, denouncing the general license law and the failure of the administration of Governor Scott to enforce it.

After arranging for the organization of a party convention, they adjourned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 26, 1872.

DEALER IN OBSCENE LITERATURE HELD TO BAIL.

E. M. Grandin, No. 41 Liberty street, was held in $10,000 bail to-day, charged with depositing obscene literature in the mails.

THE SPANISH RAM NUMANCIA.

Prof. Mitchell and Captain Van Ness, who were deputed by the Pilot Commissioners to take soundings around the Spanish ram Numancia, report that while it is an unsafe position, the water in which she lies being too shallow.

ABSCONDER ARRESTED.

Deputy Sheriff Keese to-day arrested William Tucker Bond, a London (England) bankrupt, charged with absconding with $25,000 worth of wines and liquors, with the intention of defrauding the creditors. He was held in $26,000 bail.

MANDAMUS AGAINST COMPTROLLER ORGEN.

Judge Barrett to-day granted a peremptory mandamus against Comptroller Green, directing him to pay the salaries of ninety-three attaches of the Supreme Court.

NOT THE MAN.

M. Garnier, the billiard expert who went to Troy to identify the man who was arrested charged with killing Siebner, the defaulting agent of the French Band, telegraphs back that he is not the man.

CRIMINALITIES.

A Boy Whipped to Death.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—The Coroner's inquest held yesterday in South St. Louis, on the body of Adolphus Jordon, a colored boy seven years old, disclosed the fact that the child died from the effects of repeated whipping. Inflicted by Jessie Taylor, a colored woman, with whom the boy lived. The woman was arrested.

FATAL STABBING.

PHILADELPHIA, August 26.—James Daugherty, who was connected with Mara in an affair of the insurance Detective Brooks, years ago, and was pardoned a few months ago by the Governor, was stabbed last night in the stomach by James Kane, with whom he had an altercation early in the evening, and died this morning.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

CHICAGO, August 26.—Martin Higgins was mysteriously murdered at Winnetcka yesterday. His body was found last evening.

UTAH.

Discovery of Precious Stones—Indian Troubles Exaggerated.

SALT LAKE, August 26.—The Savage expedition, fitted out in this city some four weeks ago to search for precious gems, has been heard from. A letter was received this afternoon, dated Piano Clanco, New Mexico, August 17th, with a consignment of a number of pipes, bracelets, hands, arrows, opals, and a variety of bright stones, supposed to be diamonds. Crowds of people are examining the specimens. There is much interest felt. A careful sample of the whole lot will be forwarded to lapidaries in New York to-morrow. Savage writes that he will send another collection of better quality in a few days.

INDIAN TROUBLES EXAGGERTED.

Gen. Ord returned from the South last night, and telegraphed to Gen. Sheridan to-day that the Indian troubles are exaggerated. He says all Indians having reservations have gone home.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

Base Ball.

TORONTO, August 26.—In the base ball match here on Saturday the Boston Red Stockings white washed the Dauntless Club of Toronto.

THE PRIZE RING.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Alderman McMullen, who holds the Mace O'Baldwin stakes, says they shall not be given up till a fight takes place.

A prize fight took place yesterday between John Cassy and Bob Russell. The latter was badly punished and knocked out of time in the twenty-eighth round. Two policemen were among the spectators.

CALIFORNIA.

Railway Excursionists—Fresh Diamond Discoveries.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 26.—Col. Scott and the Texas Pacific Railway party reached Los Angeles yesterday. They were enthusiastically received by the entire population.

FRESH DIAMOND DISCOVERIES.

There are unauthenticated rumors of fresh diamond discoveries north of Easten Arizona.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, August 26, 1872.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

Clear weather will generally continue on Tuesday over the Northern States East of the Mississippi; areas of cloud and rain for the Middle States, especially over the Northern portion during to-night, followed by winds veering westerly and north-westerly and clearing weather on Tuesday; south-easterly to south-westerly winds, cool weather and areas of rain for New England; winds veering to westerly with clearing weather probably during Tuesday; a rising barometer and winds veering to westerly and northerly to the north-west of the Ohio valley on Tuesday afternoon.

THE POSTAL CARDS.

Some idea of the extent of the disappointment experienced throughout the country by the recent discovery that the Postoffice Department will have to wait for a specific appropriation by Congress before it can furnish postal cards, may be obtained from a statement that up to to-day applications have been made to the department for over two millions of these cards, and about twenty-five informal proposals have been made by manufacturers to supply them after the designs have been determined.

MILITARY.

A colored military organization of this city, the Staunton Battalion, having obtained the requisite permission of the Government of Virginia to take arms into that commonwealth, will shortly make a visit to the colored military organizations of Richmond.

The veterans of the war of 1812 of this city are making preparations for a visit to Baltimore on the 12th of September, the anniversary of the Battle of North Point.

INTERNATIONALS.

Invitation to a General Congress.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The London *Times* of the 15th says Paris papers publish the following invitation issued by the Grand Council of the International Association to its adherents to attend a general Congress which is to be held at The Hague on the 2d of September: "Citizens.—The Grand Council of the International Association, sitting in London, having resolved, in consequence of events which have recently occurred in France, to introduce great modifications into the statues of the Association, has determined to invite all adherents to the great principle to meet in a general Congress at the Hague. You are therefore invited to that meeting, where the citizen Karl Marx will read a report of the various labors of the French, German, English and Russian sections. The citizen Bouvier, ex-member of the Paris Commune, citizens Andrieu, Beley, Royer, &c., will address the Congress."

BREVITIES.

....The city is remarkably healthy for this season of the year.

....The Greys look decidedly brown after their trip to the country.

....Oh, that will be jaw-full, jaw-full"—as sung of Greeley meetings.

....The argument list will be taken up in the court of Common Pleas on next Wednesday.

....Some unknown person broke a large plate in a show window on Carson street, South Pittsburgh, on Sunday night.

....The "big bell" must be growing rapidly worse. Last night when it should have struck one tap for midnight, it "went off" four times.

....A one-cent postage stamp will now send a newspaper weighing two ounces, or any other printed matter of the same weight, to any part of the United States.

....A crazy man, who was arrested at the Rolls House, Allegheny, spent last night in the Allegheny lock-up, and will be taken to the Poor Farm on Wednesday.

....A carpenter, whose name we could not learn, fell from a scaffold in Pleasant Valley yesterday, and was severely, though not dangerously, wounded in the head.

....A false alarm of fire was sounded about two o'clock yesterday afternoon from box 31. It was occasioned by large volumes of smoke issuing from a smoke house in Oak alley.

....A couple of little girls about six and seven years old, escaped from their home on High street yesterday morning. They were believed to have followed a band of music and thus got lost.

....Last evening about eleven o'clock, a telegram was received at the police office, dated Bloomfield, East Indies, August 27th, via London, August 26, 10 P. M. The dispatch traveled several thousand miles in about half a dozen hours less than no time.

....The annual picnic of the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church and Sunday school will be held at Monitor Grove to-morrow. The attendants will be transported to and from the grove by steamboat, and an enjoyable time is anticipated.

....Last Saturday night, as the eleven o'clock train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad was coming east, a man placed a switch target in the track near Crafton, and left it. The train was running very slowly, and no damage was done except to cause a delay of an hour.

....Last evening the Star of the West Assembly, No. 5, O. A. F. held an ice cream and peach festival at Mozart Hall. The hall was largely attended, and passed off very pleasantly. This organization is the only one of this order in the city, though another lodge will probably be organized soon.

....Last Saturday afternoon a young and handsome couple from Elizabeth, Pa., were in the city desiring to be united in the holy bonds. It is thought that they left home rather suddenly, as the young man was under the parental age, and his lady friend feared the mafeh. The affair took place at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Alderman Strain as referee, with better success than he had at Collier's Station.

....Two beautiful pictures are exhibited in Brecht's window, on Fifth avenue. Fred. Bussman, a young Pittsburgher, now at the Royal School of Art in Munich, Germany. Mr. Bussman has, for nearly two years, prosecuted his studies at this celebrated school, and expects to continue there a year longer. The pictures now on exhibition at Brecht's attest the proficiency already acquired, and gives promise of future excellence in the field of art.

....Yesterday morning a little girl was struck by a freight train at Glen Station, while she was standing by the side of the track, and came very near losing her life. At the station there is a double track, and the girl was alongside of one of a passenger train which was standing on one track, when a freight train passed along the other. She was struck on the hip, but her life was saved by the conductor of the passenger train who caught her before she fell. She was only slightly injured.

....On Saturday morning about one o'clock, Mr. Richards, who has charge of the animals at Burnell's Museum, was on the upper floor of the building and heard foot-steps on the roof. Major Burnell ascended the scuttle, revolver in hand, to investigate the matter, and a moment later a knife, with a blade open at both ends, was thrown through an aperture in the sky light at Richards below. It passed very near his head and struck in the floor a short distance beyond. The knife had been made across to the Alden House, but no one could be seen.

....The fourth annual meeting of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute will convene in the High School Hall on Tuesday, August 27th, at 9 A. M. The following programme of the exercises will be observed: Opening Address by the City Superintendent; Report of the Executive Committie by the Chairman, Hon. R. Ford; Lecture by Dr. J. H. Armstrong, New York; Afternoon session—two o'clock—Lecture on Moral Education by F. H. Douglass; Discussion on the lecture; Lecture by Dr. J. W. Armstrong.

....John Carr is in the Allegheny lockup awaiting the result of the injuries which it is alleged he afflicted upon his wife with a chair. On last Sunday, it is alleged that Carr, who resides on Chartiers street, went home drunk, and commenced abusing his wife. He finally got hold of a chair with which he struck her a violent blow upon the back of the head. The leg of the chair penetrated the flesh and caused a very dangerous wound. His wife is in a very dangerous condition, and the hearing will be postponed until the result of her injuries is known.

....A coal merchant of this city, on being asked how he could vote for Greeley, replied that as he and Greeley had both been great friends in the days of the Whig party, he felt entitled to be able when he went to heaven to report to Mr. Forward that he had voted to make his old friend Greeley President of the United States. This is a queer reason, as neither the coal merchant or Mr. Greeley are supposed to be very heavenly minded. If they ever have any posthumous greetings with the sainted Forward, it is most likely it will be across, if not a bloody, at least a fiery chasm, nevertheless the reason given is as good as any we have heard of.

The Engineers' Picnic.

The picnic given in the grove at Wall Station on Saturday by the locomotive engineers was well attended, and passed off pleasantly, and reflects great credit on its managers for the excellent arrangements they made to insure its success. No unpleasantness occurred to mar the pleasure of the occasion.

At the close of the day a meeting of the engineers was held on the grounds and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the locomotive engineers here assembled, give our grateful acknowledgments to the officers of the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Companies for their kind indulgence in causing work to be suspended on their several lines to enable the employees generally to attend our re-union in the greenwood; that our heartfelt thanks are due the obliging officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad for their generosity in passing holders of tickets to our picnic free over their ably managed line; that we express our cordial appreciation of the services of Mrs. D. O. Shaver, Mrs. F. Fleck and Mrs. S. Ament, and vote them model caterers, whose conduct of the refreshment tables is deserving our warm commendation; that no small share of the enjoyment of the occasion was owing to the very artistic and admirable manner in which Messrs. Alcester, Kerr and Levi Close acquitted themselves of the tergeichorean part of the days' programme.

That we congratulate ourselves that all probabilities proved favorable for our enter

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1872.

BONDS at Frankfort 96¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 46f.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 112¾@112¾.

THE RALLY by the Republicans of the Upper Wards, to take place this evening at the corner of Webster avenue and Fulton street, will no doubt be the largest meeting so far of the campaign. Let all those who are in favor of the re-election of Grant be on hand. Now that the enemy are wavering, let there be no halt, till they are thoroughly routed and disbanded.

SINCE the nomination of General Dix for Governor by the Republicans of New York, Mr. Greeley's friends are very fearful that New York State will go against them. It would be carrying the war into Africa to whip the old Philosopher in his own State, but stranger things have happened.

THE St. Louis *Democrat* complains at the disparity between the reports of the Associated Press agent, and the Signal Service office at this place. It claims that one, a few days since, reported the river stationary at this place, and the other that there was a rise of nine feet. It suggests that they come within a few fathoms of each other, at the least.

THE Democrats and Liberals of New York are working very hard to have Charles O'Conor accept the nomination for Governor of that State in case it is tendered to him. Not that they care personally for Mr. O'Conor, but the fear that he will accept the nomination for President at the hands of the straight-out Democracy at Louisville is what is haunting them day and night.

THE Navy Department has a letter from Captain Hall, of the Arctic exploring expedition, which shows that reports of disasters having happened him, are entirely untrue. He is making his way steadily onward, and is thoroughly prepared for the oncoming Arctic winter. He had changed his route, but was confident of making very considerable progress toward the North Pole before winter set in.

PERHAPS one of the most amusing performances the *Post* has been engaged in for some time past, has been in its attempt to show Grant a drunkard, and Brown a model of temperance. The reasoning of the *Post* being correct, it follows that a glass of whisky rising to Grant's head makes him in war a great soldier, and in peace a safe President; and that same glass of whisky in the cerebral alembic of Gratz Brown turns a third rate politician into a driveling disgrace. This is not more remarkable, however, than many other phenomena in nature. The same food that makes honey in the bee makes poison in the wasp.

WE remember a broken down old bloater who, if he could manage to keep sober a week, would take to temperance lecturing like a duck to water. He had one strong point, which always brought down the house. Touching his devotion to total abstinence, after carefully paving the way for the remark, he would declare that he had "been a temperance man for twenty years—*off and on.*" The defences put forth by such Greeley papers as the Springfield *Republican*, of Gratz Brown's soft crap troubles, reminds us of the above case. It admits that "neither he nor any of his friends will deny that there have been occasions at rare intervals within the last few years when he has broken his purpose and dishonored his character by marked and offensive exceptions to this general habit. He is now newly and more solemnly pledged than ever on this subject, and if his friends and the public waive further objection, while they cannot escape further anxiety on this score, it will be incumbent upon him, in the event of another failure, to retire at once and forever from public life."

THE Philadelphia journals, the *Bulletin* more particularly, are making it exceedingly hot for the Forneys. Their duty to refund the six thousand dollars of the Evans steal they admit themselves to have received is continually urged at them. Says the *Bulletin*:

"A head line in the *Press* this morning, which alludes to "A Flying Visit to Harrisburg—Visit to the Auditor General's Office by a *Press* Correspondent," probably led many credulous persons to suppose that at last the Forneys had sent those six thousand dollars, which they obtained by the Evans fraud, to Harrisburg. Unhappily, however, the article following the head line contained no allusion to the fact, and so we are compelled to one of two conclusions—either the six thousand dollars pocketed by the Forneys were not sent to the Treasury, or what the *Press* is too modest to take credit for the performance of a good action by its proprietor. If the money has been refunded we adjure the *Press* not to conceal the fact. We know that it was wrong for Mr. Forney to take the money, and it is but natural that he should be ashamed to confess his guilt even when he atones for it. But the people care more for the recovery of their stolen funds than for the feelings of the receivers, and if the cash is restored they will readily forgive the Forneys for their participation in the wrong, and will place no obstacle in the way to retard the progress of the offenders in their struggles upward toward a better life."

It must be soothing to be held up continually before the public as an admitted thief. Persons of weak nerve could hardly stand it.

PRINCELY GIVERS.

In every age and in every country there have been men who in goodness, unselfishness and generosity have stood up far above their fellows, like the mountains above the valleys. They have demonstrated that there are redeeming qualities in our race, that all are not wholly wrapped up in self, that there are those whose happiness consists in blessing others. Su h was Howard and Peabody, to whom our land gave birth. There are many liberal givers who seek not fame by their acts, but are influenced by an inward impulse, but are influenced by external force. Freely they have received, freely they give. They are earth's jewels. They seek wealth not for its own sake, but for the good it may do, the happiness it may give, the suffering it may relieve, the light and knowledge it may diffuse. They live and move on a higher plane than any other men, far removed above the money loving, selfish and miserly. Unsolicited they give where good can be done, affording a most wonderful contrast to rich but penurious and niggardly men, who clutch their gold with a death grasp. The mean and selfish but rich men are utterly incapable of comprehending the acts of these great and free-giving men, and are even ready to assign to them unworthy and selfish motives, such as they are influenced by. "He is rich and able to give and it is no liberality in him," say these sordid souls. Are they not rich also? Do they give of their incomes in proportion to him? "He makes his money easily." Does he make it more easily than they? Do they remember that fortunate and accidental speculation by which they realized many thousands without any toil or any remarkable sagacity of theirs? and how much of it did they give to the needy and suffering? "He has a large income." Have they not also? Do they find their hearts enlarging and their liberality increasing in proportion to the increase of their incomes? In this is the increase of their thousands increases their love of money, their indisposition to give to others, it encases their hearts, shutting up one avenue after another, and to quiet the slight murmurings of the little conscience they have left they seek to ascribe shister and selfish motives to him who is in all worthy respects their opposite. They would bring him down to their low level, mortified and chargrined by the striking contrast between him and themselves. To palliate and excuse their excessive and contemptible meanness they would strip of all excellence him who is the glory of our race. Counterfeits themselves, they seek to prove there is no genuine. Thus they seek to shield themselves against all possible chances of being moved by any of the calls of the needy and suffering. From them the charitable institutions of the day, the poor at home and the degraded abroad, can expect nothing, unless wrung from them, or unless they can see how they can receive a good return, or their names for once be blazoned abroad. The motives they attribute to others are theirs; they are mirrored forth in their words. The selfish and ungenerous will soon die and their names cease among men; the noble, unselfish, free-giving will, without seeking it, forever live in the hearts of all good men and in the monumental institutions they have reared.

THE STATE AND ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

At the outstart of the present campaign, there were two elements of discouragement, to many persons, as to the State ticket. The howl started against General Hartranft, it was feared, would occasion his defeat, without any regard to his merits or qualities. It is often the case in politics as with armies—the *morale* has much to do with ultimate success. A belief, no matter how inspired, that it will be beaten, takes away much of the fighting capacity of armies. So of candidates and parties. If the impression can be thoroughly established that a given candidate or party will be beaten, this alone goes far to bring about the expected result. The Democracy comprehend the philosophy of this, and at once raised a furious howl when the State nominations were made. It is but just to say that this had its influence, and there were many Republicans who were uncertain as to their duty. Had the same influence continued in full power up to October, Hartranft's defeat would have been certainly assured.

The other element of danger was thought to be Allegheny county. A very pronounced feeling of dissatisfaction sprang up here, partially because, in the distribution of State offices, the county was ignored in the ticket, and partially because General Hartranft, not being known here, the charges against him had produced greater effect here than elsewhere, except, possibly, Lancaster county. There is a large element, too, among our voting population, who are not held close to rigid party lines. They wish personal fitness and ability in our office holders, and are determined, if possible, to secure them. The cries of corruption which came from Harrisburg along with the nomination, of course appealed favorably to this element. Thus at one time it was feared whether our candidate for Governor would even go out of this county with a majority, and three thousand was set down as a liberal estimate for his majority here. No one will assume to figure this way now. His prospects are steadily brightening, and no one to-day can tell what his ultimate majority will be. Every week steadily increases it, and will to the close of the canvass.

The evidences of this tremendous reaction are not only numerous, but of an absolutely convincing character. Taking this county as affording an indication of what is occurring elsewhere, we can use it as an example of the general tendency. The marching clubs are more numerously attended. Grant, Wilson and Hartranft clubs are now organized in most of the wards of this and adjoining cities, and have developed an enthusiasm that is quite remarkable. Public meetings are attended in immense crowds, and the speeches are listened to with the most earnest attention. The old talk about Buckalew defeating Hartranft in the State has died away, and intelligent Democrats look at the revulsion going forward in utter amazement. The admitted majority that Allegheny county will give for the full Republican ticket steadily increases. Indeed, to use the very comprehensive phrase of the cooper, "the bottom's out," and no one can tell how far the reaction will sweep. It may half obliterate the Democratic party in Pennsylvania.

The most encouraging feature of this reaction consists in its solidity. It is not a mere whim, or the thoughtless following after some new sensation. It is based on the conscientiousness on the part of the people, that they have been deceived, and is an indignant throwing off of the party which worked the deception. It is an expression of the assurance that has obtained, that the charges against General Hartranft were not true as alleged, and that Buckalew is far below the standard claimed for him. It shows that, with all the cant about "shaking hands across the bloody chasm," the people are not ready to do this by elevating rebel sympathizers to power. It proves that the loyalty which impelled to enlistments and sacrifices and death during the war, is still brightly burning. For a moment the people were deceived. But as soon as Charles R. Buckalew stood forth in his true light, he was deserted. If, after his defeat, he wishes sympathy, he will be compelled to find it among draft deserters, and may be at liberty to hold another Fishing Creek camp-meeting. The tide against him is steady, strong and growing.

The discrimination that penetrates below the pretences of parties, and that ascertains and grasps the solid facts of the canvass, is one of the most hopeful features of the day. It promises the emancipation of politics from mere partyism, and the elevation of the country itself. The feeling that was unmistakably manifested at Hartranft's nomination showed that were the charges alleged found true, so much of the ticket would have been bolted; but discovered false, and there is no hesitency to stand the more firmly by an assailed man. Then the utter absurdity of the demand for generosity to the South, more than has been given, has been clearly seen all along. It is very much as though a murderer convicted of his crime, were suddenly to propose to the Governor of the State to pardon him, and the demand of the people, as an expression of their forgiveness, that he be elevated to the Gubernatoral chair. The rebellion was a capital crime against every free State North. It wrought death and devastation, in our State particularly. Mr. Buckalew gave aid and sympathy—promoted rebellion. The crime, after long and piteous appeals, has been forgiven—when lo! on comes this very Buckalew and demands to be made Governor. The people penetrate too perfectly such thin disguises. They understand the real issues of the canvass, and understanding, will decide them right.

We say to the East—have no fear for Allegheny county. When the time for action comes, she will fully do her duty. She has no petty jealousies that will impede her from doing her full part in achieving a triumphant victory for the entire State ticket in October, and she will add on to that in November. If Philadelphia and the East accomplish what they promise, there will be enough done in the west to make the result utterly astonishing, viewed in the light of present calculations.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE WITH A SUICIDE.

An Englishman Determined to Die Takes Poison and Stabs Himself Three Times —A Colored Cook Pulls the Knife Out of the Man's Breast.

An Englishman named Thomas H. Dungee, boarding at 37 West Washington square, New York, while laboring under an attack of delirium tremens on Friday last made four distinct attempts at destruction the last of which was probably successful. His conduct first excited comment about noon, when he was observed to manipulate a large needle as if with sanguinary intentions towards his own person. His effeminate weapon was wrestled from him and a physician summoned, who with another needle stitched up the wound the first needle made. Hardly had the operation been completed when the unfortunate man was discovered perambulating the streets on his way to a drug store on Sixth avenue, attired only in shirt and drawers. On arriving at his destination he rushed behind the counter and seizing a bottle labeled "Poison" was about to dispose of its contents, when the apothecary came to the rescue of his favorite drug, and Dungee was taken home. Another physician was summoned, who gave him a quieting mixture, under the effects of which he remained tranquil till about five in the afternoon. About that hour G. W. Dart, the proprietor of No. 37 West Washington square, found Dungee descending the stairs very rapidly and as if in desperate haste. He asked him what was the matter, and Dungee muttered something about stopping the blood from running, and went into the dining-room. Mr. Dart followed him, and then for the first time seen a huge knife plunged nearly to the hilt in the maniac's breast. He instantly seized hold of Dungee and succeeded in drawing out the knife, but the latter broke away and going to the kitchen caught up another knife, which he drove into his body nearly in the same spot where he had the first. The colored cook of the establishment, however, managed to extract the weapon, and the police being called in Dungee was taken to the Fifteenth Precinct, where he was attended by the Police Surgeon, and then sent to Bellevue Hospital. Though brought to the police station the unfortunate's appearance was dreadful in the extreme. The withdrawal of each knife had been followed by a torrent of blood, which deluged his clothes and made a fearful effusion stain nearly from his head to his feet. There is but small hope of his recovery, as the loss of so much blood, even if the wounds in other respects were not serious, would be fatal. Dungee is about forty and unmarried.

A Visit to Dr. Paul Schoeppe.

A correspondent of the Washington *Republican* writes to that jo urnal from Carlisle, Penn., the following account of a visit to Dr. Schoeppe, who is confined in the county jail:

The room is quite large, well ventilated and looks cheerful. In addition to the ordinary furniture, it contains a bookcase, well filled with choice volumes, and a melodeon, with both of which the prisoner helps to while away the tedious hours of his confinement. The Doctor looks to be about thirty years of age, is nearly six feet high, light complexion, blue eyes, full suit of light hair and whiskers. He speaks with a slight German accent, and is easy and pleasant in his manners.

The conversation which ensued was about as follows:

Correspondent. Doctor, how long have you been confined in jail?

Doctor. Three years and eight months.

Correspondent. How has your treatment been?

Doctor. It has been very good since my new trial was granted, but before that it was terrible. Just think of it, for eighteen months I was confined in a dungeon.

Correspondent. Was that before or after your conviction?

Doctor. Both. After I had been sentenced to be hung I made up my mind, though, that it made but little difference. I burned all my diplomas and other papers, and prepared myself to meet my fate.

Correspondent. What about the will left by Miss Stringcke?

Doctor. The will is a genuine document, which I can now certainly prove. Why, only recently certain interested parties came to me and offered a large sum of money, and agreed that if I would withdraw my claim it would be so arranged that I should not be prosecuted for murder.

Correspondent. What answer did you make?

Doctor. Why, I indignantly refused to accept.

Correspondent. What do you think will be the result of this trial?

Doctor. I am sure that I will be acquitted.

Correspondent. Why do you think so?

Doctor. Because the witnesses will not again come from Baltimore.

Correspondent. When does the trial commence?

Doctor. On the 28th day of August; but I suppose a few days will be consumed in getting a jury.

Some further conversation followed, during which he spoke of Drs. Lieberman and Bliss, of Washington, who, he said, he was in hopes of having present at the trial as witnesses.

After the interview the Doctor played a few beautiful German airs on the melodeon, and I took my departure.

Freak of a French Jury.

We believe it is a generally accepted fact that they do everything better in France than elsewhere. The latest illustration is just at hand.

A young man named Lourmel, it appears, had been indicted for the offence of "holding intelligence with the enemy" during the late war, and was brought before the Assize Court of Versailles for trial. A woman named Meyer was accused of being his accomplice, and it was through the quarrel of the two that their treasonable conduct was discovered. M. Jules Favre appeared as counsel for the woman. Before the trial began, however, a paper was handed to the Chief Justice, saying, in effect, that several members of the jury felt an unconquerable loathing for M. Favre, and that they did not think that they could overcome their prejudice against any prisoner defended by him. The lawyers protested, but the Court decided that the jury manifested a prejudice which rendered them unfit to try the case, and therefore put it over until the next session. This novel action on the part of the French jury, if adopted in this country, would give jurors a chance to do to the lawyers as they do to them.

The Discoverers of Asteroids.

Mr. Richard A. Proctor calls attention to certain peculiarities connected with the discovery of the 129 asteroids now known to astronomers, and states that it is very remarkable that the spring and autumn seem especially favorable for their detection. Of the entire number no less than forty-five were discovered in April and September. The average rate of discovery has been rather more than four times as great in April and September as in the mid winter and summer months. Mr. Proctor can understand the poverty of discovery in the mid summer months as due to the shortness of the nights and the amount of twilight, and suggests that the cold drives the observer from the telescope in the winter, so as to materially affect the discoveries. Of the asteroids yet known, Luther, of Bilk, in Germany, has discovered 20; Goldsmith, of France, 14; Professor Peters, of Hamilton College, New York, 13; Professor Hind, of England, and Professor Watson, of Ann Arbor, 10 each; 67 being divided among five observers. Twenty astronomers share the honor of discovering the remaining 53.

A Heavy Corn Crop.

All accounts agree that the growing corn crop will be the heaviest ever produced in the United States. Throughout Eastern Pennsylvania there are few counties that do not promise a large yield, and so it seems to be everywhere else. The agricultural report for July states that from 982 counties, including an area usually producing 600,000,000 to 700,000,000 of bushels annually, come returns indicating an increase of 3 per cent. This is equivalent to more than three-fourths of a million acres; and the total area in this great crop of the country, which nearly equals in extent an aggregate of all other tilled crops together, is probably about 35,000,000 acres. The States in which an increase of average are reported are as follows: New Jersey, 2 per cent.; Pennsylvania, 2; South Carolina, 2; Georgia, 1; Alabama, 3; Mississippi, 1; Louisiana, 8; Texas, 8; Arkansas, 4; West Virginia, 2; Kentucky, 2; Ohio, 2; Michigan, 10; Indiana, 1; Illinois, 2; Iowa, 1; Missouri, 5; Kansas, 28; Nebraska, 20; California, 1.

The Next War.

If the reports that reach us from St. Petersburg are true, there is really a fair prospect of a war between Russia and China—a result which would not be altogether displeasing to the former power. It appears that, owing to certain troubles between the two nations, one of the western provinces of China, Kouldscha, was, a year ago, seized and held by Russian troops. The inhabitants of this province are mostly Mahommedans, and averse to Chinese rule, and prefer to remain under Russian protection, while the Chinese Government are determined to repossess themselves of the usurped territory. Thus matters stand at present. The Government at Pekin are busy preparing for war. Fifteen hundred men are daily employed in the construction of iron-clads and the preparation of guns and ammunition. Agents have also been sent among the Hindoo Knights, whence, in effect, Chinese, to induce them to renew their old allegiance and take a friendly as well as active part in the impending conflict.

The Pear Season.

The season of pears is upon us, and how to preserve, ripen, stew and bake, are the prevailing questions among housekeepers. The market is overrun with splendid-looking fruit, much of which is too hard for eating. How to make it ripen well and rapidly is a knowledge confined to but few. One of the most extensive fruit cultivators in Pennsylvania has just given to the world his method, and we, believing the information to be as valuable as it is timely, give it herewith: The requisites are a cool room and woolen blankets. The pears are to be spread upon one blanket and covered with the second. Treated in this way they ripen rapidly and without mealiness, the Bartletts coming out a fine golden color and the Sickels rich and ruddy looking. At least half the fruit is spoiled by the ordinary in-door method of ripening, and housekeepers will hail with delight any new and effective means of attaining the desired end without loss or vexation of spirit.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE street lamps in New York each cost the city $42.50 a year.

UMBRELLAS, with lightning rods attached, are among the latest novelties.

DURING the last two years 23,000 miles of ocean cable have been laid.

IN New York last week, there were nearly twice as many deaths as births.

AN Alabama man and woman 88 and 78 years old were recently joined for life.

IN one day last week 400,000 bushels of grain and 40,000 barrels of petroleum were shipped from New York to Liverpool.

A HIGH SHERIFF in England was recently fined $250 for not having his carriage ready punctually to carry the Judge to the court house.

ONE of Queen Marie Antoinette's maids of honor, who accompanied her unfortunate friend to the foot of the scaffold, has just died at the age of 102 years.

AN Indiana man took a friend home to tea the other evening without giving his wife notice. That night she talked herself into a paralysis of the tongue. Now all the men in the neighborhood are sending for friends and taking them home at all hours.

AN Iowa farmer was shot by his dog the other day. Jumping out of his wagon returning from hunting trip, his dog jumped after him, striking the hammer of his master's gun, which was immediately discharged, the contents entering his skull and killing him immediately.

IF pegged boots are occasionally dressed with petroleum between the soles and the upper leather they will not rip. If the soles of boots and shoes are dressed with petroleum they will resist wet and wear well. The pegs, it is said, are not affected by dryness after being saturated with the liquid.

SOMEBODY in Alabama wants permission of the Internal Revenue Office to manufacture "Cantelope whisky." We trust his petition will be granted, and that the article will have a large sale among that class of married females who sometimes develop a propensity to run off with other women's husbands.

A SHORT time ago it was stated that the body of a woman had been exhumed in Michigan that had turned to adipocere. The whole scientific world was agog upon the subject, and now it turns out that it was only a "wax figger" after all. This is too much. We shall lose all faith in human nature if this sort of thing goes on much longer. Where's the Cardiff Giant?

AN increasing agitation is reported among the working classes in the principal cities of North-ern Italy. In Turin, on July 29, there was a large meeting at the principal theatre of bricklayers, asking for an advance of wages, and on July 30th there was a strike of five thousand railway workmen, cigar makers and printers, accompanied with acts of violence.

THERE is a young lady at Terre Haute, Ind., eighteen years of age, who is willing to bet $50 that she can walk forty-five miles in ten hours. She declares that she will wear "the only costume suitable for pedestrianism," consisting of knee-breeches and tights, and the desire of the gallants of that city to see so much novelty at once is so great that they have clubbed together and propose accepting the bet.

MR. NIMMO, supervising inspector general of steamboats, has left Washington for New York, and from thence he will proceed to visit all the steamboat districts on the lakes and western rivers. He will be accompanied by the supervising inspector of each district through which he travels, and the result of this extended inspection tour will be embodied in a report to the Secretary of the Treasury as a basis of recommendation for changes in the steamboat law.

AN exchange is puzzled by the question of a correspondent: "Whether Mr. Jefferson, who is playing Rip Van Winkle at the theatre, is the same man that was President of the United States, or is it his son?" The anxious inquirer of this question should be put in the same category with the New Jersey man who, having heard that Columbus was in Ohio, immediately started West to interview the old man about the voyage which resulted in the discovery of America.

THE Kansas *Bulletin* thinks Banks know as much about finance as he knows about Sanscrit. In this connection it ought to be remembered as a curious fact that Banks once studied Sanscrit for a whole day. He couldn't make it out at all, but a friend from Arabia Felix came to his assistance, and translated the passage upon which he was engaged, in the following fate usage:

"Your speech, with corrections as suggested, will appear in to-morrow's *Tribune*. Sincerely,
HORACE GREELEY."

THE strikes among the farm laborers of England have turned a new class of harvesters into the grain fields. With the wheat ripening and waiting for lack of hands to gather it, squads of soldiers from the standing army have been detailed to lay aside their warlike weapons and take up the sickle and flail, and with these they are doing a mighty work, much to the chagrin and astonishment of the strikers, who see their work being done by others, and themselves likely to be left idle for some time.

MADEMOISELLE CELESTE, the tight rope artist, had her leg broken by the rope giving way, during one of her performances at Shawneetown, Illinois. The physician who set the limb evidently did not know his business, and instead of joining the bones together he lapped one over the other, consequently the broken limb is about three inches shorter than the other. She is now on her way home, in Rome, New York, to have the family physician break that limb again, and reset it. The woman shows more grit than most of her sex.

GOOO is the name of the inner bark of a tree, if not the sapling itself, the product of the Philippine islands, a few bales of which were first imported at New York from Manila about a month ago. Two of them have since been sold at fifteen cents currency. This article is a natural curiosity, having the properties of fine hemp, and is used for washing and cleansing purposes, for which it seems well adapted. It is supposed that it may be useful for other purposes, and experiments are being made with a view to ascertaining its other virtues. The bale is an similar in size and appearance to those of Manilla hemp.

THE sworn statements of the Central Pacific railroad managers on application for a reduction of assesments have set the California people to thinking, and in some cases to pretty loud talking. The directors have made affidavit that the Central Pacific only cost $8,000 per mile, when their petition, asking for a subsidy, declared it to have been four times that. The Visalia branch, twenty-six miles in length, they make affidavit to be worth only $104,000, while they have been endeavoring to make the people pay $500,000, as the bare cost of construction. Railroad stock declines wonderfully when it comes to be false swearing.

THIRTY years ago the woolen industries were located east of the Alleghenies, but, at the present time, they are scattered throughout the entire country. The total number of mills is 2,782, and the sets of cards 5,417. Pennsylvania takes the lead in the number of mills, having 471; but Massachusetts, which has 182 mills, has 1,418 sets of cards, being a trifle more than is credited to that State. New York has 248 mills and 834 sets of cards. These figures do not include hosiery and carpet mills. Owing to the higher relative price of raw material than manufactures the business for the past two years has been unsatisfactory on the whole.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Courier-Journal* writes from Shepherdsville, Kentucky: "For some time past this neighborhood has been alarmed at the ravages of a disease known as pemphigus, which has had a damaging effect in several ways. It has attacked, in all, about fourteen persons, and six of the number have died. The disease somewhat resembles small-pox; yet, be this as it may, the disease is a horrible one, and is rapidly spreading. There are now only five or six cases in Shepherdsville, all of which are in negro families, yet, in the country west of town about three miles, there are four cases in a single negro family."

A BELGIAN paper says that the coming elections for the Danish Parliament will probably give rise to a violent struggle. After the war with Germany, the nobility and the peasants extinguished, by forming a coalition, the power of the middle classes. The place of the liberal ministry was taken by nobles. To perpetuate this, changes were made in the constitution of 1849. However, the new fundamental law of 1866 did not satisfy the peasants, who therefore detached themselves from the nobility. With the help of the working classes of the towns, of which they are sure, they will probably carry all the elections, and the new Danish Parliament may therefore contain more of the socialist element than any other legislative assembly.

WORK on the Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad is being pushed rapidly toward completion. The track layers on the north end are past Waterville, while the track is also being put down from the south, or Frederick end, and is laid across the Frederick and Woodsboro' pike. Thus the track is being laid from both ends, and the pike is lined with heavy teams hauling ties from the mountains along the entire line. The iron bridge over the Monocacy is finished and is a magnificent structure. In twenty working days, President Loats informed your correspondent, the road will be completed to Frederick City, and he says he has good reason to know the tonnage over it will be heavy. Already is coal shipped along its line and distributed at the different stations.—*Westminster Advocate.*

A SINGULAR and somewhat amusing decision was recently rendered by the Supreme Tribuna in Berlin, by which the Prussian Society for Reclaiming the Heathen was declared entitled to receive five hundred thalers from the Government, although the Lower House had stricken the appropriation from the budget. Twenty years ago, Frederick William IV. issued a decree enforcing the annual appropriation of the stated sum to the Society. When the Lower House refused to grant it, the society put forward its claim, which was refused; it then sued the Government, but lost its case; the latter decision was then set aside on the ground that inasmuch as Prussia has no Constitution when King William issued the decree, he was consequently supreme, and it was in his power to impose a permanent obligation on the State. But suppose that the vast majority of Prussians should become so hardened in iniquity as to hold it to be wicked or unadvisable to convert the heathen, could the society then enforce its claim? Or suppose—it is within the range of possibilities, and in this heathendom should become Christianized, could the Society demand its money as a permanent fund in case a "reactionary movement" should ever set in in Timbuctoo? This question is not for a mere mortal to decide.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED IN 1863.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., compounded from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. R. Shinck, John S. Dilworth, F. Shaler, Tuckerman Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

PERSONAL.

GENS. HOOKER and Granger, who were classmates at West Point, met in Portland, Or., recently, for the first time since the battle of Chattanooga.

DR. W. H. BABCOCK, a graduate of Yale, who has been connected with the Southern press for several years, is announced as an associate editor of the Savannah, (Ga.,) News.

THE Rev. Hugh Stowell Brown, of Liverpool, will arrive next Saturday, and the Baptist pastors of New York and its vicinity will meet him at the Fifth avenue Hotel in the evening.

DR. CYRUS DORSEY GLOINGER, of Lebanon, Pa., a prominent physician in this part of the State and President of the Lebanon National Bank, died suddenly at his residence, on Thursday morning.

WE regret to announce that Mrs. Horace Greeley's health continues to grow worse rapidly. She is so feeble she cannot stand, her lower limbs having been partially paralyzed. Her physicians think she cannot survive the year.

A MAN having "sworn out" a marriage license at Jeffersonville, Indiana, a day or two since, the fire bells were rung and the city alarmed, as if that were an uncommon occurrence. The secret is found in the fact that the parties were not residents; and the Jeffersonvillians don't like to have strangers take such liberties.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

NATIONAL.
FOR PRESIDENT:
ULYSSES S. GRANT.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HENRY WILSON.

STATE.
FOR GOVERNOR:
J. F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
SUPREME JUDGE:
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.
ADJUTANT GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.
GEN. LEWIS WALL TODD, Cumberland;
GEN. CHARLES ALBRIGHT, Carbon;
GEN. J. W. SCHOFIELD, Erie.
ELECTORS AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION:
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. DAVID WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. LILLY, Clinton;
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
H. N. MCALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming;
WILLIAM DAVIS, Montour;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL E. DIXON, Wayne;
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID N. WHITE, Allegheny;
W. H. AINEY, Erie.
JOHN H. WALKER, Erie.

COUNTY.
CONGRESS—XXIII DISTRICT:
JAMES S. NEGLEY, of Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—XXIIID DISTRICT:
EBENEZER McJUNKIN, of Butler.
FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE:
JAMES P. STERRETT, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LAW JUDGE:
EDWIN H. STOWE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LEGISLATURE:
H. H. MCCORMICK, 1st District, Pittsburgh.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, 2d District, Pittsburgh.
J. D. RAMSEY, Allegheny.
HYDE SAMPLE, of Sewickley.
J. W. BALLANTINE, of Temperanceville.
R. B. TOTTEN, Esq., of Sharpsburg.
J. C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN H. HARE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF COURTS:
W. H. MCCLEARY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, of Pittsburgh.
FOR RECORDER:
RALPH J. BRIDGHAM, of Pittsburgh.
FOR REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. ALEXANDER, of Pittsburgh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JAMES MCGUNNIGLE, of Charliers.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JAMES W. BELL, of Robinson.
DELEGATES TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
THOMAS MARKHAM, J. W. F. WHITE,
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, MATTHEW EDWARDS,
THOMAS EWING, THOMAS HOWARD.

TRUSSES.

Every kind of Trusses for the cure of Rupture may be obtained at Dr. Keyser's establishment, No. 107 Liberty street. It is a matter of the greatest consequence that all who are ruptured should be properly fitted with a suitable truss, and one that will keep the ruptured parts in their place. Many persons do not know when they are ruptured, and frequently years are allowed to pass by before anything is done.

This is a great error, and one that is often paid for at the expense of the person's life.

Rupture is too serious a matter for any one but a competent person to be trusted with the adjustment of a truss, for the slightest inattention or neglect, especially when the means for its relief and cure are so easily obtained. Children and young persons are easily cured, with the improved appliances which are constantly being added to the great variety which Dr. Keyser always has on hand.

Dr. Keyser's office, 107 Liberty street, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6, and on Saturdays at night.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S
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RHEUMATISM AND GOUT REMEDY,

The finest and best preparation known.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, at

JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

JUST OPENED,
AT
Macrum & Carlisle's
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.
New Hamburg Embroideries,
CHOICE STYLES, VERY LOW.
NEW JEWELRY,
Very handsome and desirable.
French Tourist Belts,
NEW LOT, JUST OPENED.
NECK FRILLINGS AND FLUTINGS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
COMBS, New and Fashionable Styles.
LADIES' SCARFS AND BOWS,
ALL CHOICE SHADES.
A complete new stock of Ladies' and Childrens Made-up Goods—Chemise, Night Dresses, Drawers, Skirts, Aprons, &c.
Great Bargains in PARASOLS to close up.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.

Caps, Capes, Torches
AND
LEGGINS,
MANUFACTURED AT
WILT'S UPHOLSTERY,
92 Third Avenue.
PRICE LIST:
Red, Gold or Silver Bronzed Caps and Capes, complete, $150 per hundred.
Caps and Capes complete, any other colors, $125 per hundred.
Torches from $20 to $50 per hundred.
Leggins, $50 per hundred.
Special terms given to large orders. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
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Howe Standard
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SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
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WE ARE OFFERING
Special Inducements
IN ALL KINDS OF
DRY GOODS,
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128 Federal Street.
4-4 Bleached Muslin at 12½c.
One case 7-8 Bleached Shirting Muslin at 12½c., extra good, worth 15 cents.
Special Low Prices, by the piece, on all the fine popular brands of Bleached Muslins.
New Black Alpacas,
New Mohair Lustres,
AND
New Seine Cloths.
We have given more than usual attention to the purchase of the above goods, and offer special advantages to customers.
LEATHER BELTS!
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Shirt Fronts
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From 10 cents to $1.25 each.
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THE GREAT
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HOUSE.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal St.,
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1,000 Pieces
NEW HAMBURG
Flouncings,
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JUST RECEIVED
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JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
RETAIL,
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We Offer For Sale, Free from All Taxes,

Bonds, Stocks and Securities,

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Deposits Received and Interest Allowed.

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Collections Made and Promptly Remitted.

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Buy and sell all kinds of

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On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Gold Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Agreements executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

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JOHN P. SCOTT, J. S. REYMER,

J. H. BORLAND, R. H. PALMER, JR.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

jy29-v2

Third National Bank

OF PITTSBURGH,

Corner of Wood Street and Virgin Alley.

CAPITAL PAID IN ..... $ 500,000.

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Collections made on all accessible places in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others solicited. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

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W. E. SCHMERTZ, President.

jy17-v15 WM. STRINMEYER, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 26, 1872.

The continued sultriness of the weather has quite a depressing effect on monetary affairs as well as most all other kinds of business. Money for all practical and legitimate uses is quite plenty, and the banks are amply supplied with funds to furnish their customers with all the loans they require, leaving but very little for private bankers and brokers to operate upon. As paper generally is either promptly met at maturity or satisfactorily arranged, confidence, so far as financial operations are concerned, is all that could be desired. There never were fewer protests than at the present time, and this, if nothing else, shows that trade generally is in a most healthy condition. The reports coming in give evidence that the crops which have been and are being harvested are unusually large, and that although prices may decline, the superabundance in quantity will fully make up for any falling off in price.

The premium on gold is somewhat off and to-day declined to 112¾, the impetuous last week over-ran nine million dollars, and what has already been said in regard to the price of gold in this paper, there is no tangible reason to withdraw from it. The bears may be able for a time to force the premium down, but there can be but one ending to' this matter, 'and, as has been already stated gold will before the year closes command a higher premium than it has done since the year opened.

In regard to money in other cities, the Boston *Post* says: "Call loans quoted at 7 per cent., and bank depositors accommodated on four months' paper at about the same figure." The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "We continue to quote at from 5 to 6 per cent." The Chicago *Tribune* says:

The demand for money on the part of local operators is also on the increase. Grain shippers want accommodation, which is all the more free-ly rendered, as prices are down to a point where the banker can make advances with a reasonable prospect of obtaining his capital without ruin to the venture. The usual run of mercantile borrowers are also applicants for loans to a fair extent.

The movement of currency to the country is estimated to have exceeded $3,000,000 for the last ten days. This is simply enormous, and shows better than any other one thing could show, the magnitude of the preparations that were being made to fill up the corner on wheat. It must have been a huge corner indeed that would not have been filled up to overflowing before September 1st.

The unexpectedly large demand for money has induced very large orders on New York for currency; but it has also resulted in a very unusual weakening in Eastern exchange in this market. It can be shipped hither for a premium of ½ per cent., but rather than wait the three days required to send it here, they have freely sold New York exchange, to-day, at $1,000@1.25 per $1,000 discount. Counter sales were quoted at par, and purchases at $1.50 per $1,000.

Real estate to-day way very active. In local securities there is but little doing;

Geo. B. Hill & Co., bankers and brokers, cor Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

	Monday
Bonds—1881	116
5-20—1862	114
" 1864	114
" 1865	114½
" 1865 new	113½
" 1867	113½
" 1868	113½
10-40s	111¾
Currency 6's	112½
Gold	112¾
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	97¾
Erie	48¾
Harlem	115¾
Fort Wayne	96
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	90¼
Rock Island	110¾
Chicago & N. W	73¾
Do Preferred	87¾
St. Paul, Common	54¾
Do Preferred	75½
Wabash	24¾
Union Pacific	35¾
Ohio & Mississippi	23¾
Pacific Mail	73¾
West Union Telegraph	72¼
Adams Express	95
U. S. Express	41¾

—Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penna. Central	58¾
Reading R. R	58¼
Camden & Amboy	126¾
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	35½
Pittsburgh City 5's	75
A. V. R. R. 7-30's	94
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59¾
Philadelphia & Erie	27¼

NEW YORK, August 26, 1872.

Money firmer to-day at 4@5 per cent., and advancing to and closing at 5@6 per cent. Gold more active, opening at 112¾, and failing to 112¾, then rallying to 112¾ and closing at 112⅝@112¾. Loans were made at ⅝ to 1-64 per cent. for carrying, and for borrowing the rates were 1-16@⅛@1-64 to flat. Clearings, $92,351,000. Treasury disbursements, $1,218,000. The Treasury to-day commenced the payment of interest on ten-forties. Henry Redmond, gold broker, failed to-day, and about $1,000,000 gold was sold out under the rule on his account. Sterling exchange firmer, but closed unsettled at 109@109¼ for long, and 109¾@109¾ for short sight. Governments ruled dull all day, closing quiet and heavy. State bonds dull, but steady. Stocks opened firmer and about ½@¾ higher on the whole list, Erie being the feature at an advance of 1¾ per cent. During the afternoon the market continued strong, but transactions were not heavy. The advance in Erie was in sympathy with London prices. Panama also advanced 1¾ per cent.

Sales of stocks at N. Y. B. 1881, 115½; 5-20s, 1862, 114¼; do '64, 114¼; do '65, 114¼; do '65 new, 113¾; do '67, 113¾; do '68, 113¾; 10-40s, 111¾; currency 6s, 112¾; gold, 112¾; new 5 per cents, 111¾; Pacific 6s, ——; Tennessee 6s, ——; Virginia 6s, ——; Missouri 6s, 91¾.

Miscellaneous.—Western Union Telegraph, 72¼; Quicksilver, 35¾; Mariposa, 23¾; Mariposa preferred, 41¾; Adams Express, 95; American Merchants Union Express, 40¾; United States Express, 41¾; Pacific Mail, 74¼; New York Central, 97¾; Erie, 48¾; Harlem, 115¾; Michigan Central, 116¾; Union Pacific, Quicksilver, 42¾; Illinois Central, 132; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¾; Northwestern & Chicago, 74¾; do preferred, 87¾; Rock Island, 110¾; St. Paul, 54; do preferred, 75¾; Michigan Southern, 93¾; Toledo & Wabash, 24¾; Chicago & Alton, 112.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 26, 1872.

ASHES—Soda ash is quoted at 4¼@5 for common, and 5@6¾ for refined; Nitrate Soda, 5; Arsenic, 3½@4 cents; Spar, 2½@3; Pots, 10; Pearls, 11@11¾.

ALE—Following are the quotations for leading brands: India Ale per bbl, $11,00; per hlf bbl, $5,00; XX Ale, per bbl, $10,00; per hlf bbl, $5,00; X Ale, per bbl, $9,00; per hlf bbl, $4,50; Porter, per bbl, $11,00; per hlf bbl, $5,50; do, per bbl, $10,00; per hlf bbl, $5,00; barrels, $3 in addition; hlf bbl, $2,50 in addition.

BUTTER—There is rather more inquiry for prime to choice, but prices are not quotably higher, 16 to 18 cents; low grade butter is in good supply and dull.

BAGGING—Penn Mill two bushel, 38 cts; 2¼ bushels, 45; three bushels, 53; Allegheny two bushel, 36 cts.

BEANS—$2,50@3 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Dull but prices are nominally unchanged. 4 to 7 cents as to quality.

CHEESE—Is firm and the recent advance is well maintained; 11@11¾ for prime Dairy; 12@ 12¾ for Factory and 13@13¾ for Goshen. Sweitzer, 14@16, as to quality.

CANDLES—Is still quotable at 19@19½ by the car load, and 20@ cents additional for smaller lots.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$5,50 per case.

COUNTRY LARD—Sales at 8¼ to 9 cts.

EGGS—There is an increased demand for fresh and the market maybe quoted firm at 18 cts. Old stock continues very dull.

FRUITS—The supply of Apples is largely in excess of the demand, and they are scarcely bringing enough to pay for packages and freight; we continue to quote at 50 cents to $1 per bbl. Peaches are coming in freely, but there is a steady demand and prices are maintained, $1@2 per box. Plums, $3 to $4½ per bushel. Watermelons, $10 to $25 per 100, as to size and quality.

FLOUR—We have to report a diminished trade; however, this is to be expected as the demand always falls off when the market is tending downward, and the indications at this writing are that prices will go still lower. New York and Chicago are still reported dull and heavy, and furthermore, the advices from Liverpool are of a similar character. We continue to quote, in a jobbing way, at $7,50 to $8 for spring wheat; $8,25 to $8,50 for new red winter, $8,75 to $9 for choice, and $9,50 to $10 for XXX.

GRAIN—The Wheat market is quiet, and the demand is still restricted to supplying immediate wants of country millers; the city mills, for the time being, are pretty well stocked, and consequently are not inquiring much. In the absence of sales, we continue to quote at $1,60 @1,65 for fair to prime red, and $1,70 for choice amber. Oats in fair demand and steady at former quotations; 36@38 for new, and 40@42 for old. Shelled Corn is quiet and unchanged; may be fairly quoted at 60 free in elevator. Ear Corn is still quoted at 58 cts in bulk. The consumption of Corn is considerably curtailed by the hot weather. Rye is reported steady at 80 to 85, buying and selling. There is no movement Barley as yet of any consequence, and there are no established quotations.

GROCERIES—Trade continues quiet and the market in a general way presents but little that is really new or important. Sugar of roasted Coffee has been fixed at 22½ cts, and the strife which prevailed for a week or more past is at an end, all the roasters having agreed to adhere to the above quotation.

SUGARS—Granulated 13¾; Crushed 13¾; Powdered 13¾; "A" Coffee, 12; B, 11¾; Extra C, 11¾; Circle C, 11¼; Chespeake Ex C 11¼; Knights, Ex C, 10¾; C, Yellow, 9¾.

COFFEE—Rio, Fancy, 24¾; prime, 23¾, good, 22½; fair, 22; roasted, 26.

STARCH—Fancy drips, 7@; white; choice syrups, 65; good, 55; fair, 50; common, 35@40; blackstrap, 25.

MOLASSES—Stock of New Orleans almost exhausted: choice may be quoted at 85; prime, 80.

RICE—Carolina, 9¾@9¾; Rangoon, 7¾@8; Patna, 8 to 8¾.

HAY—The receipts continue light, and prices, in consequence are still maintained; new baled $28 to $32; old $33 to $35. New from country wagons, $20 to $30, according to quality and condition.

LARD OIL—No. 1 Extra is still quoted at 75 to 78 cts in a jobbing way.

ONIONS—Quiet and unchanged; small sales at $3 to $3,50 per bbl.

POULTRY—Sales of young at 55 to 60 cts per pair, and old at 75 to 85.

POTATOES—While the receipts are by no means large, the supply is in excess of the demand, and prices are weak but unchanged; $1,75 @2 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 8¾c; Sugar cured Shoulders, 11c; Breakfast Bacon, 14c, Rib Sides, 11; Clear Rib Sides, 11¾; Clear Sides, 12; Sugar Cured Hams, 17c; Dried Beef, 20c; Lard, in tierces, 10c; half bbls, 10¾c; pails, 11¾c. Mess Pork, $16,00.

SEED—Flax seed $1,75@1,80; timothy seed, $3,25@3,75; clover seed, $7,00.

TALLOW—Unchanged at 8 to 8¼.

WHISKY—Highwines unchanged at 92@96 cts, in a jobbing way.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS, MONDAY August 26, 1872.

RECEIPTS.

Jas. McCallister,	New Castle	1	car
Neely Bros,	Mansfield	2	"
Marks Bros,	Chicago	4	"
S. Krause,	"	2	"
M. Varner,	"	1	"
Holmes L & Co,	East Liberty	1	"
Wm. Williams & I.,	"	1	"
R. Mitchell,	Mansfield	1	"
Greenwald & K.,	Crestline	2	"
J. Bement,	Indianapolis	1	"
Thos. Blackstone,	Bellaire	1	"
C. J. Thompson,	"	1	"
W. H. Bott,	"	1	"
J. McCreery,	"	2	"
Geo. Shaw,	Canal Dover	1	"
C. M. Heines,	"	1	"
C. Stutzman,	"	1	"
Total		24	"

CATTLE.

The supply on sale to-day was comparatively light, footing up 39 cars, or, counting 18 to the car, 702, against something over 800 last Monday; as might be expected, with this diminished supply, trade was more active and in some instances a slight advance may have been realized, but as a general thing prices were no higher. The average quality was again common, and as usual the supply of prime butcher cattle was scarcely equal to the demand; while of the common and inferior grades there was no scarcity; hence, while the former met with a ready sale, the latter, in consequence of an over-supply, dragged all the way through. Prime to extra butcher cattle, of which, as already intimated, the offerings were unusually light, sold at 6¼ to 7 cts, while some few at 7¼ and medium to good may be quoted at 5¾@6¼. It is worthy of notice that even for the first grades of cattle the demand has fallen off somewhat recently, and it may be attributed to the unusually hot weather and great abundance of fruit and vegetables, which, as might be expected, have curtailed very materially the consumption of fresh meat. There was plenty of rough stock—more than was wanted—which was evident from the fact that there were quite a number left over unsold. Bulls dull and cannot be quoted above 2 @2¾ cts. Old cows and rough steers and stags, 2¼@3¼ cts. There were some common Cherokee cattle and they sold at from 2¾ to 4 cts.

Greenwald & Kahn, 53 head of fair to extra Ohio butcher stock at 5 to 7¼.

Zeigler & Lobman sold 18 head fairish Washington county stock at 4 to 5¾.

M. Varner sold 19 head from Chicago, at 6 to 7 cts; 5 from Green county at 4 to 6 cts.

P. Hartman sold 31 from Green county.

S Lowenstein, 19 head of Washington Co. stock at 4¾ to 5¾.

S Lowhenthal sold 12 steers from Washington Co. at 5¾ to 6; 8 unsold.

Sadler H & Co report 16 from Washington Co. at 4¾ to 5 cts. 60 head from Ohio at 5¾ to 6¼.

S Bruaman reports 47 from Ohio and Chicago at 2¾ to 6¾.

S Marks & Bro. 54 from Chicago at 6¼ to 7; 20 for S Thorpe of Washington Co. at 5 to 6¼; Hagle wood & Blackstock 25 common Ohio stock at 4 to 5 cts.

Jacob Needy two cars good to prime butcher cattle from Ohio at 5¾ to 7 cts.

W Moonshine sold 50 head Green Co. stock at 5 to 5¾.

Jas. Hanlin 20 head Washington Co. stock at 3¾ to 5¾.

Flinner & Sheitemantle, sold 15 head Butler Co. steers at 4¾ to 5¾.

A Holmes L & Co report 9 head Penna. and 36 head of Western at 4 to 6 cts.

Orr, Williams & Co. report 41 head common Missouri cows and heifers at 3 to 4¼.

Carr & McAllister report 12 head of Peuna. and one cow from Indiana at 4 to 5¾.

G F Carter reports 18 head mixed Green Co. stock at 2¾ to 4¾.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was again a full supply about as near as we could learn, 2,000 head; we had sales of 1883 reported, and we feel satisfied that we did not get a report of all that were on sale. Of these it is safe to estimate that 1,500 were lambs, and with an over supply, trade, was slow and the indications at 11 o'clock A. M. were that there would be quite a number left over unsold; however, prices, as compared with last Monday were without quotable change, ranging from $1,50@2,00 per head for common to fair, and $2,50 to $4,40 for prime to extra, but very few sales at the ouside quotation. Sheep were in light supply and mostly common in point of quality; prime fat sheep were in fair demand and there was also some inquiry for stockers; the former sold at from 5 to 6 cents per lb., and the latter at $3 to $4 per head.

C. Thompson reports 120 from Mercer county; sold sheep at $4,50 to 6 cents per lb; lambs at $2,25@4,50 per head.

Stouffer & Stakeley report 178; sold sheep at $4,25 per head; lambs at $2 to $3,50.

E. Auburn, of Lawrence county, reports having sold 83 lambs at $2 to $3,75.

Flinger & Sheitemantle report 140 Butler county lambs at $2 to $3,50.

M. Humes, of Beaver Co. sold 83 lambs, $1,20 @3,50, and 32 sheep at an average of $4,50.

Fred. Hector sold 26 fair Ohio sheep at 4¼ to 5¾.

James Gallagher, of Armstrong county sold 28 lambs at $3, and 40 sheep at $4,50.

Neeley & Fairley report 109; sold sheep at $3 to $4, and lambs at $1 to $3,50.

John F. Neeley had 110; sold at $1,75 to $5 per head.

Smith, Watson & B. sold 35 Mercer county sheep at 4½ to 6 cents per lb.; 81 lambs at $2 to $4,25 per head.

E. McCaslin, of Lawrence county, reports 110 lambs at $2,50 to $3,25; 40 sheep at $3,50 to $5.

J. C. McNeese, of Butler county, 280; sold sheep at $3 per head to 6 cents per lb; lambs at $2,25 to $4,25.

Keefer, Eckert & Co. had 480 of which they report 150 left over.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 26, 1872.

Refined continues very quiet, with little or nothing either for present or future delivery, white prices are without quotable change; spot or August, 21¾; September, 22¾@, October, 23. We are without quotations for crude, but it was reported about the same as on Saturday, $3,25 to packed at that for Parker, which is about $3½ $3,27½ per bbl at Parker, which is about 3½ per gallon here. These are certainly low prices, particularly for this season of the year, but as there is an almost entire absence of speculation, it must be legitimate—in other words, the supply must be in excess of the demand. Oil Barrels are still quoted at $1,70 for country, and $1,80 for city.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Oleopolis O W, acct	118
American O W, acct	296
Setrolite O W, acct	427
Standard O W, acct. Duncan & Y	332
Veeta O W, acct. Duncan & Y	924
American O W, acct. Duncan & Y	556
Citizens' O W, acct. Thos. Hackett	468
Cosmos O W, acct. H. McKelvy	462
Keystone O W acct. J Bushnell	80
Vesta O W, acct. H. McKelvy	382
Citizens' O W, acct. Parker T & Co	436
Petrolite O W, acct. H. & B	160
Model O W, acct	228
Total	5444

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

Lewis B & D	6	J Wood Son & Co	2
Rogers & B	2	Paul Jones & Co	11
Minick & Co	2	Caughey & H	5
Brown & Co	1	Reese, Graff & Co	5
Everson G & Co	1	Wm Smith	1
J W Porter	2		
Total			35

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lewis O & P	1	Graff B & Co	6
Isabella Furnace	11	McKnight D & Co	3
Luey Furnace	12	Shoenberger B & Co	21
Park Bro. & Co	1		
Total			55

PENN A. CENTRAL R. R.

J W Porter	7	J Moorhead	5
Caughey & H	5	J Wood & Co	2
J Bateer	1	G W Hallman	1
Total			21

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

J W Porter	1	Shoenberger & Co	2
Total			3

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

Jones & Laughlin.. 1

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, August 26—5 P. M.—Consols for money, 92⅝@92¾; 5-20s, '62, 92¾; do '65, 93; do '67, 92¾; 10-40s, 88. Turpentine, 34@ 34s 6d. Tallow, 44s 9d.

PARIS, August 26.—Rentes, 55f. 35c.

LIVERPOOL, August 26.—Cotton quiet; mid. Oats: demand fair and prices advanced; No. 1 36½c; old 35c; No. 2 31½@33c; old Michigan 35c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, August 26.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm and in fair demand; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,22; No. 2 do, $1,16¾. Oats dull and unchanged; No. 2 27c. Corn steady and in fair demand; No. 2 38¾c. Rye firm and in fair demand; No. 1 54c. Barley steady and in moderate demand; fall No. 2 64½c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—Cotton dull and nominal. Flour dull and unchanged; business small. Corn dull, and declined 1@2c; mixed 34½@35c. Oats dull and unchanged; No. 2 24@24½c. Rye dull, unsettled and lower; 58@62c. Whisky lower; 89@90c. Pork quiet at $14,50. Bacon irregular and lower; clear rib 11c; clear 11c, order lots; shoulders 8½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, August 26.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat held higher; No. 2 red winter held at $1,42 and $1,41 bid. Corn dull and nominal; 44@46c. Oats in good request; No. 1 old 36c; new 32c. Petroleum refined firm and in good demand 20@20¼c car lots; 21½@22c trade lots.

Detroit.

DETROIT, August 26.—Wheat steady and in moderate demand; extra $1,78; No. 2 red amber, $1,45¼. Corn steady; moderate demand; 46½@47c. Oats: demand good at full prices.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY, August 26.—40 cars coal, S M Kier; 23 do,do, Coleman R & Co; 12 do do, Armstrong D & Co; 15 bbls ref oil, R D Clark & Co; 18 sks rags, McCullough & S; 162 blooms iron, J W Porter; 3 pkgs mdse, J K Anderson; 2 cars metal, Shoneberger B & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS RAILROAD Co., August 26.—859 bushels wheat, M F Herron & Co; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 5 do wheat, Marshall K & Co; 50 bbls starch, Wm Cooper & Co; 100 sks oats, Dan Wallace; 100 bbls flour, W H Nauther & Son; 1 car corn, Hitchcock Mc C & Co; 70 bags oats, D Wallace; 2 car hay and 1 do, J A Hagan; 2 do corn, J M Bomgardner; 6 pkgs tobacco, Arnstadt & Son; 10 pails do, J J Wallace; 25 bbls oil, Reese Owens; 1 car wheat, flour, Shomaker & Co; 100 do do Cowlin & L; 300 do do, T C Jenkins; 1 car wheat, McHenry & H; 12 sks feathers, F G Craighead; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 21 bxs soap, Reed & C.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 26.—50 bbls apples, F Owens; lot furniture Ortleib & Co; do Zinkead A; 10 bbls flour, Kupp S & Co; 150 sks shipstuffs, 2 cars oats, I Heighley; 1 do wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 do lumber, Dehgas H; 17 bbls oil, J Gallagher; 1 car lime, Johnston & G; 50 bbls whisky, J H Hespenheide; 11 sks potatoes, J S Marshall; 1 car pipe, C G McMillan; 1 do lumber, A Reineman; 1 do staves, G A Wormcast; 1 do do, H Conkler; 37 sks oats, J McClellan; 1 car lime, J K Shinn; 300 bdls iron hoops, Duncan & T; 50 hides, 1 bbl tallow, W Flaccus & Son; 25 bxs soap, Beckfield & N; 5 cars barley, Young H, Linn & May, B Knox & Son; 100 bbls lime, G Stewart; 1 car staves, P Ruggers, 1 do lumber, W McQuewan;

FITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. August 26.—2 cars 1 ore, Whorton Bros; 18 bbls whisky, Myers & A; 1 car apples, Murdock & C; 20 bxs cheese, Vangorder & S; 64 g hides, J Hamett & S; 12 bbls p wheels, M McWhiney & Co; 5 bbls eggs, 18 sks rags, Voigt M & Co; 10 bbls apples, E Wise & Co; 95 sks & W bran, Bell & Co; 1 kegs rivets, W P Townsend & Co; 93 sks rags, House H & Co; 1 car e corn, W G Miller; 20 bxs tumblers, 8 bbls do, McKee & Bro; 2 cars oats, Scott & G; 25 bbls 1 oil, G A Kelly & Co; 75 bxs cheese, 10 bbls apples, N J Bradley; 55 do tar, E Lane, 7 bales rags, C P Mackle; 10 bbls eggs, W H Graff; 5 bxs castings, S Reynolds; 1 car s iron, Mullin & M; 3 bbls p matter, J Q Blackmore; 4 bxs tinware, 2 bbls forks, J Wood Swell & Co; 2 do do, P H Laufman; 6 do do, Logan G & Co; 15 bales rags, H R McClellan; 2 cars lime stone, Graff B & Co; 18 bales rags, McCullough S & Co; 20 bxs cheese, J Brown & Co; 10 bbls bungs, Armstrong Bros; 12 cases handles, Fahnestock M & Co; 12 bdls p wheels, S B Haye; 10 bbls paint, B L Fahnestock & Co;

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, August 26.—1 car s steel, Hussey W & Co; 1 do s iron, Mullin & M; 7 do lime, J B Canfield; 1 do do, Reddick & Co; 1 do g stone, F Allen; 1 do do, Reddick & Co; 1 do g stone, F Allen; 1 do do, Reddick & Co; 1 do g stone, F Allen

HOME NEWS.

Attention!

Boreheads, dumbheads and copperheads! I will answer your champion, Hon. Thomas M. Marshall, on Thursday evening, August 29, 1872, from the stand in the Allegheny Diamond, at 7½ o'clock. GEO. R. COCHRAN.

McKeesport.

The readers of the GAZETTE in this Borough from this on until further notice, will be served with the GAZETTE by Shaler Brothers, who will take charge of it from this time. If any of our friends should not receive their paper to-day, they will please leave the address at the store of these gentlemen and they will be promptly attended to.

Mt. Oliver Incline Railway Company.

The stockholders of this company held an election yesterday morning at the Iron and Glass Savings Bank which resulted as follows: President, C. J. Schultz; Treasurer, Peter Haberman; Secretary, Henry Stamm; Board of Directors, C. J. Shultz, Peter Haberman, Joseph Walter, P. C. Devlin, W. O. Steren, F. Hampe and Jacob Ulrich.

Improving Navigation.

The Navigation Company have commenced the work of constructing a schute at dam No. 1, on the Monongahela river. The improvement is intended to facilitate the passage of coal boats during such periods as the river is at a proper stage, for running out coal. At present considerable time is lost by locking boats through, although the greatest expedition possible is used. Sometimes the pressure is so great that many boats are unable to get through in time to take advantage of the rise so as to reach the lower markets. It is expected that the schute will obviate this delay entirely, and it is to be hoped that the expectations of the Navigation Company and coal men will be realized.

Wooden Pavement.

We think the street Committee of Councils has acted wisely in according a preference to the locust block pavement over the Stow. Of one thing at least there can be no doubt in the mind of any one is that locust will wear much longer and endure the vicissitudes of weather many times longer than pine or hemlock. The contract on Water street will bring the soft and hard wood pavements into such proximity that a conclusive test will be had of their respective merits. We would like, as we have before said, to have a sample of all kinds put down on the same street, so that, once for all, the public might know which to prefer.

Hand Blown Off.

Yesterday morning a boy named McCormick, residing on Brunot's Island, started out to have a little sport with an ancient musket that had come down to the family from a former generation. The venerable weapon carried the load put into it well enough, but when the time for a discharge came it was found too weak. It dissolved with a roar, and amid the flying fragments were portions of the youth's left hand. The hand was so badly lacerated that it was found necessary to amputate, and it remained for it was indeed a fortunate matter that young McCormick escaped with his life.

Amusements.

THE AMERICAN THEATRE drew another large house last evening, and notwithstanding the h eat, they all laughed and grew fat at the performance. For a few hours of amusement and f un go to the American Theatre.

MR. M. NOTER'S CRESCENT CITY CIRCUS pitched their tents on the Red Lion lot yesterday, and of course drew a large crowd. This circus is a first class show, and had the Advance Agent shown that wisdom agents usually do, and used printers' ink to let the people know they were coming, they would have doubted their receipts while here. They will give two grand performances to-day, afternoon and evening.

Letters Held for Postage.

Joe Tell, Uniontown, Pa., 3c.; Miss Clara Huffman, Greensburg, Pa., 3c.; Mrs. Elizabeth Farabaugh, Munster, Pa., 3c.; Phillip Collins, Easton, Pa., 3c.; Michael Malone, Henry Ills., 3c.; Mathew Kopp, Detroit, Mich., 3c.; Shafner & Beymer, Cambridge, O., 3c.; Yount & Troutman, Pierce, Pa., 3c.; Mr. Bailey, Harrisburg, Pa., 3c.; Rev. S. P. Tinn, Shamokin, Pa., 3c.; Miss Josephine Unwardi, Baltimore, Md., 3c.; Miss E. Hahn, Columbus, O., 3c.; Mrs. Margaret Peebles, Mansfield, O., 3c.; Mr. William A. Gill, Columbus, O., 2c.; Clerk of the Herdic House, Williamsport, Pa., 4c.; Miss Mary Shriver, Lebanon Church, Pa., 1c.; W. A. Marburg, Baltimore, Md., 1c.; James McCook Sons & Co., Wheatland Furnace, Pa., 1c.; James Watson, Turtle Creek, Pa., 1c.

Troubles of Married Life.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Elizabeth Austin came before Alderman McMasters and made an information against he husband Charles Austin, charging him with surety of the peace. Her story of the case is really a sad one. Mrs. Austin is but eighteen years of age and quite handsome. About seven months ago she ran away from home and married the defendant against the wishes of her parents. Her husband, she alleges, soon began to abuse her, and she was obliged to take refuge in the house of her father. While there the defendant tried in every way to induce her to return to him, but without success. Finally he came to her father's house and entering the room where she was, presented a revolver at her, he told her that he intended to take her life for refusing to come and live with him. She fled from the room, and yesterday made the information as stated. The accused was arrested, in default of one thousand dollars bail he was committed to jail for a hearing.

Mortuary Report.

The following is a report of deaths in the city of Pittsburgh for the week ending August 4, 1872, as furnished us by J. Guy McCandless, Health Physician: Abscess of liver, 1; accident, 3; asthma, 1; cholera infantum, 9; cholera morbus, 1; consumption, 2; convulsions, 3; debility, 2; diarrhœa, 5; disease of the kidneys, 1; dropsy, general, 2; dropsy of the brain, 3; dysentery, 1; scarlet fever, 2; typhoid fever, 2; heart disease, 1; hernia, 1; inflammation of bowels, 2; inflammation brain and meningitis, 1; inflammation of lungs, 3; congestion, typhoid, 2; inflammation and pluera, 1; inflammation peritoneum, 1; inflammation stomach, 2; inanition, 4; marasmus, 1; old age, 2; premature birth, 1; thrush infanile, 1; whooping cough, 2; still births, 4.

Of there were under 1 year, 29; from 1 to 2, 10; from 2 to 5, 3; from 5 to 10, 3; from 10 to 15, 1; from 20 to 30, 4; from 30 to 40, 7; from 40 to 50, 1; from 50 to 60, 2; from 60 to 70, 1; from 70 to 80, 4; from 80 to 90, 1. Males, 24; females, 38; white, 62; colored, 2. Total, 64.

Alleged Outrages.

On Saturday Maggie Maitland made information before Alderman Strain, charging Theodore McDonald and Cuss. Gumbinzer with highway robbery and assault and battery. She alleged the defendants met her in Union borough and tore a bracelet from her hand, and beat her about the head and breast. Gumbinzer was arrested, and in default of $1,500 bail was committed for Court. Yesterday the prosecutrix again appeared before Alderman Strain and charged the same parties with rape. On this charge also, another commitment was lodged against Gumbinzer, in default of $2,000 bail for a hearing to-day.

Maggie also made another information against the same parties, charging them with assault and battery on the occasion above referred to. She alleges that they struck and otherwise ill-treated her. In this case also also a commitment was lodged against Gumbinzer, for a hearing to-morrow. Warrants are out for the arrest of McDonald.

When the hearing takes place, it is altogether possible that another side to the stories told will be developed.

Alleged Abduction.

Yesterday afternoon a rather peculiar case came before Alderman McMasters, in which Frederick Stiemiller, who resides on Market street, charged Emil Camponia with having abducted his daughter, being about sixteen years of age. The girl mysteriously disappeared three days ago, and the prosecutor alleges that the defendants has enticed her away by some means, and has hidden her in Allegheny. The girl herself states that he has previously lost one daughter in the same way, and objects to having the outrage repeated.

Emil then made an information against Stiemiller, charging him with assault and battery. He alleges that he knows nothing of the whereabouts of the girl, but that he has been told that she ran away from home because of her own accord. He said that he met her on Sunday evening, and while talking to her Stiemiller approached and struck him, and ordered the girl to go home. Both parties were arrested, and gave bail for a hearing.

Temperance.

The weekly meeting of the Central Alliance was held at their rooms, corner of Penn and Sixth streets, on Monday, August 26th, at eleven o'clock.

The Rev. D. E. Asbury, pastor of the Bethel (colored) church, of this city, and the Rev. Charles E. Herbert, pastor of Brown's chapel, Allegheny, were present, both of whom expressed their willingness and desire to become active workers in this great and noble cause. It is well known that these gentlemen represent the largest and most influential colored churches in our cities, and with the interest which they manifest, much can be expected through their influence.

The Rev. J. D. Herr and others are to address the Fourth Ward Society, of Allegheny, in the South Common M. E. church on Thursday evening, August 27th. The Rev. J. D. Herr and the Rev. D. E. Asbury will address the meeting to be held in Ames M. E. church, First Ward, Pittsburgh, on Monday evening, September 2, at 7½ P. M. On the same evening the Rev. J. W. McKeever and T. H. Rabe, Esq., will address a temperance meeting in the Providence Mission church, Fourth ward, Allegheny.

On motion, the following vote of thanks was tendered the secular papers of this city:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Central Temperance Alliance is due to the Christian Temperance Alliance is due to the secular papers of this city that publish the reports of our meetings.

The Rev. G. G. Westfall reported that Iron City True Temple of Temperance accepted the invitation that was given them to co-operate with us in the temperance work, and expressed their willingness to join hands in the suppression of the evil.

The Episcopal Classical Academy reopens on Monday next. Pupils are requested to be in attendance punctually at 9 A. M. The Principal may be seen at the school rooms, No. 64 Grant street, every day this week, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 12 M.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

Discussion on the Water Street Contract—The Street Committee Sustained—General Municipal Business—The Railroad Ordinance and Extended Discussion—Amendments Offered—The Ordinance Considered and Passed—No Quorum in Common Council.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular meeting yesterday afternoon, August 26, 1872, in Municipal Hall.

SELECT COUNCIL.

A. H. GROSS.....President.
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

PRESIDENT GROSS called this branch to order at fifteen minutes past two o'clock. Present, Messrs. Aiken, Burgwin, Chislett, Chalmers, Herron, Hunter, Jeremy, E. P. Jones, Laufman, Liddell, Littell, Lloyd, Miller, McCarthy, McCune, McDonald, Marshall, Morrow, Murray, Neely, O'Neill, Pearson, Phillips, Rafferty, Scully, Seely, Shipton, Smith, Thompson, Wilson, Zern, Gross.

The Clerk commenced reading the minutes, when

MR. HERRON moved a suspension of the reading. Carried.

PETITIONS, &c.

Mr. NEELE presented a remonstrance against sewer on Forbes street. Referred to Road Committee.

Mr. MCCARTHY a communication from the Board of Health in reference to sewer in Twenty-first ward. Referred to Road Committee.

Mr. HERRON, an ordinance amending the ordinance in reference to animals running at large in the city.

Read three times and finally passed under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. HERRON asked for approval of report of viewers on opening of Webster avenue. Agreed to.

Mr. MORROW, an ordinance granting the Grant and Wilson Club, of the Eighteenth ward, privilege to erect a one story frame building on Penn avenue, opposite Fortieth street. Ordinance passed finally under a suspension of rules.

Also, a resolution instructing the Street Committee to suspend work on Thirty-ninth street, for the present, until the grade was fixed permanently. Passed.

Mr. CHISLETT, petition for locating, straightening and opening of Morningside road. Referred to Survey Committee.

THE WOOD PAVEMENT WAR.

Mr. SCULLY offered a resolution declaring that the action of the Street Committee in awarding the contract of paving Water street, to the contractors for the Locust Block pavement, be not approved until it had been ascertained whether the property-owners did not desire the Stowe pavement.

Mr. JEREMY moved that the resolution be laid on the table. Lost.

The yeas and nays were called for on the motion to adopt the resolution, but before a vote was taken the resolution was temporarily withdrawn.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. LLOYD of the Water Committee presented their report for July, showing expenditures for the month, $10,675.98. Report received and warrants ordered.

Mr. SHIPTON, from the Committee on Gas Lighting, presented a report recommending the erection of lamps in several of the outer districts. Read, and lamps ordered.

Mr. JONES, from the Committee on Bonds, presented an ordinance for the construction of a bridge over Four Mile Run, to connect Greenfield avenue with Sylvan avenue.

Read three times, and passed under a suspension of the rules.

Also, report of viewers on regrading and repaving of Thirtieth street. Approved.

Also, report of viewers on opening of Wylie avenue. Approved.

Mr. RAFFERTY, an ordinance to correct an error in the ordinance for the erection of a sewer on Tenth street. Read three times, and finally passed under a suspension of the rules.

Also, an ordinance to correct error in ordinance for sewer on High street. Passed finally under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. BURGWIN presented a report from the Special Committee, containing a resolution relative to the burial of the remains of Smilie Hogan, C. G. passed away, at his residence, No. 141 North avenue, Allegheny, on Sunday 4th inst. Their Pittsburgh visitors were arrested for disorderly conduct and brought before Colonel Campbell. The Colonel looked serious at the culprits, and after giving them a little good advice about their conduct in future, he said he would sentence them to a bottle of champagne. The champagne was ordered by the Colonel, and the criminals were compelled—very much against their will—to assist in drinking it.

The Greys are so much pleased with the success of this experiment that they are determined next summer to stay ten days instead of four. Their arrangements for this trip were not as complete as they would like to have had them, but next summer a longer time will be taken in preparing, and no doubt more of the members will be able to attend.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A Dwelling and its Contents Destroyed—Loss about $8,000.

Intelligence reached the city yesterday of a destructive fire which occurred Sunday night on the Butler Road, about twelve miles from the city. The fire occurred at the residence of Mr. Robert Sample, residing on the Road in question in Hampton township. The family were just about to retire for the night when one of them observed a bright light in the kitchen, and upon investigating found a conflagration pretty well under way. An alarm was sounded and all the neighbors in the vicinity turned out and endeavored to check the flames, but their efforts were fruitless, and in about half an hour the house, with all its contents, was consumed. The family saved comparatively nothing but the clothing they wore.

The fire originated from the stove in the kitchen, but in exactly what manner is not distinctly known.

The house was a new two story frame, which had recently been completed at a cost of $6,000. It was well furnished—a cozy, comfortable house. The total loss will be about $8,000, upon which there was no insurance. The loss falls heavily upon Mr. Sample, who thus saw the fruits of years of toil suddenly swept away.

Dr. John Reichenbach,

No. 11 Market street, can cure the very worst cases of rupture, and heal it up so that the patient will be as sound as a silver dollar. The afflicted take notice.

MONTROSE.

A Model Village.

Lovely Location—Easily Accessible from the City—The Streets Already Graded—A Water Works in Course of Erection—A School House and Town Hall.

Yesterday some 3,500 of our citizens visited the projected village of Montrose, which is situated on the West Penn Road, just below Claremont, and opposite the borough of Verona. Special trains were run both on the West Penn and Allegheny Valley Railroads, that on the former consisting of twelve cars, and that on the latter of seven. The excursionists were accompanied by two bands of music, which enlivened the trip out by the performance of popular music.

When the excursionists arrived at their destination, some time was spent in viewing the property. Montrose is most beautifully situated on the sloping banks of the Allegheny River, and extends upward to the summit of the hill. The view from all parts is exquisite—immediately beneath the silvery sheen of the sinuous Allegheny, backed by the wooded hills of its further bank, with the scattered borough of Verona and its white buildings nestling picturesquely among the foliage of the wooded slope. The visitors were surprised to find that the streets had all been laid out and graded, and that even the alleys had been ploughed out. The reservoir for the water works, located on the summit of the property, has also been dug out, and the water pipes are already placed upon the leading avenues in readiness to be put in their proper position. Two pretty parks, beautiful by nature, are also staked out, and the lot upon which the Town Hall and School House are to be erected are all ready for the excavations necessary for foundations. The general sentiment, as also the expression of every one of the visitors was "What a beautiful spot," and it is no wonder that the lots sold with rapidity, when offered by the auctioneer.

After some time had been thus spent in viewing the property, Mr. Alexander McIlwaine, the auctioneer, took up his position and announced that the sale was about to commence. He then introduced Mr. David Kirk, who he said would give the assembled crowd some information as to the plan upon which lots were to be disposed of and recite the advantages which accure to persons purchasing building sites in the projected village of Montrose.

MR. KIRK'S REMARKS.

The gentleman, in commencing his address extended a hearty welcome to those present. He hoped that the day would long be pleasurably remembered by many, and he was sure that such such would be the case with those who purchased lots in the projected village of Montrose. He hoped that the visitors would endeavor to make the day enjoyable, and requested them to examine the property thoroughly in order that those who contemplated purchasing homes upon the high ground could select the localities which to them seemed preferable. The object of the Improvement Trust Company in laying out the village of Montrose was to furnish to the working classes an opportunity of obtaining valuable homes—such homes as they might well feel proud of. The efforts of Peabody, of London, and A. T. Stewart, of New York, to provide healthy habitations for the working classes had gained a world-wide endorsement, and their names would be handed down to the most remote generations. The Improvement Trust Company had emulated the example of these philanthropists in all they were surpassed them in the character of its aims and objects, inasmuch as it was striving to supply laboring men with *country* homes on the most advantageous terms. The three great requisites for a happy life were sun, air and water. The Improvement Trust Company was essentially a workingman's institution, founded for the purpose of giving mutual aid to the stockholders and the laboring classes generally. It had now over five hundred stockholders who were contributing their weekly earnings to the association. Its present capital was $125,000, and its deposits foot up the same amount, making the total capital a quarter of a million dollars. This alone should be sufficient to prove the reliability and permanent character of the association. Its capital was, however, daily increasing, and in less than a year it was safe to predict it would reach a million dollars. The plan and design of the company was the erection of houses for the workingmen under arrangements which must suit the circumstances of the most humble, and its management was in the hands of men of ability by which they are forwarding this object. The advantages of investment in real estate must be obvious to all. Land is daily becoming more and more scarce, and before long this country will be governed by a landed aristocracy. Every workingman must see the immense advantages which will result from his owning his own home. Real estate was daily increasing in value and that its appreciation is really but just beginning.

In and around Pittsburgh this was especially true. The demand for labor in this city was great, and almost any man who was willing and able to work could find employment in the Union. In a short time Pittsburgh would be one of the cities of Europe, and the population, it was predicted, would in a few years number 600,000 souls. Hallowed, too, were many associations in connection. These two things alone would be sufficient to increase the value of real estate. Some time since $1600 an acre was considered too much for property in the East Liberty valley, but to-day the same property is worth $10,000 an acre.

The speaker then proceeded to speak of Montrose. Its location was the most advantageous possible. It was on the line of two railroads—the Allegheny Valley and the West Penn, and by the latter, by train a year the narrow gauge road would run at the rear or the property. It commanded a beautiful landscape, comprising hill, valley and river, and far away from the smoke of the city. The balmy breezes from the river could always be felt even on the hottest day. The rich and the moneyed people made their homes in Sewickley, Oakland and Shady Side, and it was indeed difficult to make Montrose answer the same purpose for the working classes. The company had determined to erect a water works on the property and the basin had already been constructed. All that was now required was that of obtaining water in the country. The water works (the contract for the construction of which had already been let), would be in every way sufficient for the population. The capacity of the engines, pipes and pumps would be 100,000 gallons in a day of ten hours, to supply the wants of a population of eight thousand persons. The reservoir, which was now under construction would hold four hundred thousand gallons. This, the speaker claimed, was ample enough for Sewickley or every purchaser of a lot. Then again the streets would be graded and that too without the expense of a cent to the purchaser—of a lot, and a complete grade would be made to the depot. The company had also purchased a lot of large size and great beauty, on which it would erect at its own expense a school house and town hall. All school tax would thus be saved and the value of property in the village enhanced. And not satisfied with all these advantages, the company had laid out two parks which they would liberally ornament and present to the inhabitants of Montrose.

Mr. Kirk then went on to speak of the terms on which the lots were sold. On purchase contents of the purchase money was to be paid down, and the remainder in twenty equal monthly payments. On the balance, after the first instalment, no interest would be charged. If any purchaser desired to erect a house on a lot, one-half of the amount of the purchase money having been paid down, he could have the house erected at once, monthly payments to be made. The company expect to erect two hundred houses during the fall, and will at once receive orders to commence work. After the payment of the one-half of the purchase money, all charges on the lot will cease and a liberal discount will be given for advance payment. If a payment of a tenth of the purchase money was made and the purchaser died (no other payment having been made) a clear deed to the property would be given to the heirs or executors of the deceased. In conclusion, Mr. Kirk made an appeal to his hearers to act in the matter of purchasing according to their own judgment, to avoid all croakers, and advised them to become owners of real estate and thus make themselves independent.

AT BUSINESS.

At the close of Mr. Kirk's address, Mr. McIlwaine commenced the sale and the lots were rapidly disposed of. One hundred and fifty-nine lots were sold, realizing in the aggregate $53,869. Everybody was satisfied at the prices at which the lots were sold, and pleased at their purchases. It has always been the policy of the Improvement Trust Company to oppose fancy prices for real estate, and to sell for what the property is really worth. Its object being to provide homes for the working classes.

An excellent luncheon was provided, which was done ample justice to by the numerous assemblage. Owing to the large crowd present, it was impossible to go over the entire property and offer all the lots, and consequently some of the most desirable sites remain unsold. In order to give the public another opportunity of investing in these desirable lots, a second sale will be held on Monday next. For the accommodation of those desiring to be present at the sale, a special train will, on that day, leave the West Penn depot, in Allegheny, at 8:30 A. M. Transportation will be free, the Great Western Band will be in attendance, and a substantial lunch will be provided on the ground

We cannot close this report without complimenting Messrs. J. H. Miller and William H. Edgerton, the managers of the excursion, upon their energy and the thorough manner in which they conducted the entire affair. There are few men who could successfully have carried out so gigantic an undertaking.

Notice to Shippers.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY CO., Connellsville Route,
PITTSBURGH, August 26, 1872.

After the 1st proximo freight for local stations on this road and the B. & O. will not be received after 4 P. M. Freight for Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or any point east or south, will be received as usual, up to 5 P. M.
au27:2t C. A. CHIPLEY, Agent.

Public Sale of Lots in Allegheny.

Messrs. J. & S. McNaugher have laid out into lots their property on Federal street extension, above the Nursery property, and will make public sale on Thursday, the 29th inst, at three o'clock. Plans and all particulars can be obtained at the office of A. Leggate, Auctioneer, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

School for Young Boys.

Those looking for such should see advertisement in to-day's paper for "Twenty Boys," and should pay Dr. Taylor, a man of integrity and experience, at Beaver.

NOT QUITE.

How a Young Man Tried to Raise the Wind—A Cunningly Devised Swindle—A Bank Cashier Who Was Not Taken In—And Thereby Saved $8,200.

The confidence men have been pretty quiet for a few weeks now, but yesterday an operation was unfolded in Allegheny which indicates that the warm weather has not greatly affected the fraternity. It seems that Major Porter, who is Cashier of the Allegheny Real Estate Bank, among his letters yesterday morning received one addressed to Mr. James F. Hill, care of the Bank. He had no recollection of Mr. Hill, but laid the missive aside and awaited developments. A few hours afterward a young man, neatly gotten up and pleasant in address, stepped in and exhibited a telegraph dispatch dated New York, and signed Kountz Bros., requesting him (Major Porter) to hand the letter over to the bearers. Messrs. Kountz Bros. are bankers well known to Major Porter, and he handed over the letter as directed. The nice young man broke the seal and took from inside a letter and another envelope. He pretended to read the letter and then handed the other envelope to Mr. Porter, who found it to contained what purported to be a draft for $8,200 drawn by Kountz Bros to the order of J. F. Hill. It was accompained by a letter, the New York bankers asking Mr. Porter to pay it and draw on them.

Everything seemed square on the face; the draft was of a kind used exclusively by the New York bankers. It was duly signed, and the signatures appeared all right; but the Allegheny cashier was not satisfied, and requested the young man to call in later in the day. Mr. Hill disappeared, and Mr. Porter telegraphed to New York, receiving in answer that Kountz Bros. had issued no draft of the character mentioned, and that the whole matter was a forgery.

Chief Clark was then called upon, and kept watch for the return of the young man, but he came not, and doubtless will never show himself in that region again. It was a cunningly devised and boldly operated swindle, but didn't quite succeed.

Desirable Investments

For sale by S. McClean & Co., Bankers, No. 61 Fourth avenue, [near Market street,] Pittsburgh, Pa. We are the Local Agents for the sale of the following popular and undoubted securities, which we confidently assure investers are in every respect first-class:

Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. gold bonds, free of United States taxes, at 92½ and accrued interest.

Logansport, Crawfordsville & Southwestern Railway first mortgage 8 Gold bonds, free of taxes, at 97½ and accrued interest.

Milwaukee & Northern first mortgage 8 per cent. railway bonds. Price 92½ and accrued interest.

Houston & Texas Central Railway first mortgage 7 per cent gold bonds at 90 and accrued interest.

St. Joseph & Denver City first mortgage 8 per cent. gold bonds at 97½ and accrued interest from August 15.

Cayuga Lake (N. Y.) Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. gold bonds at 90 and accrued interest.

Chicago, Danville & Vincennes Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. gold bonds at 90 and accrued interest.

Omaha & Northwestern first mortgage land 7 gold bonds at 90 and accrued interest.

The City of Louisville 7 per cent. municipal bonds at 97½ and accrued interest.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds at par and interest.

Mt. Oliver Inclined Plane Company, Birmingham, Pa., first mortgage 8 per cent., (free of all taxes.)

Dunbar Iron Co., first mortgage 10 per cent. Bonds at par and accrued interest from June 1st.

For further particulars inquire of S. McClean & Co., Bankers, United States Government and other first-class bonds, and Dealers in all kinds of prime Investment Securities. Money advanced on Collaterals. Interest on deposits, &c.

Ten Because.

A hundred because might be given why Lyon's Kathairon should be used by every intelligent human being in preference to every other preparation for the hair, but ten will suffice. Here they are: Because it nourishes the fibers, multiplies them and makes them grow; because it thus prevents them from withering and bleaching; because it removes the scurf and dandruff which choke them as tares chore the golden grain; because it keeps the scalp cool and prevents irritation; because it regulates the hair as instrious as satin; because it makes it plant and elastic; because it is a fragrant and delightful dressing; because it does not soil the pillow, the cap or the hat; because it is without a rival in cheapness. Ask for Lyon's Kathairon article sold for the same amount, in size or any other, country possesses all or even one-half, of these invaluable properties.

T-TH-S-S-S

The Oldest and Best.

No carriage factory, east or west, has earned a higher reputation for the style, finish, or durability of its work than that of C. West & Co., Nos. 75, 77 and 79 Liberty street. No eastern made carriage ever brought to this city was finer or better or more elegant in design and finish, than can now be seen at their establishment, made in their own shops. They also keep some of the finest eastern made carriages for sale to such as are prejudiced in favor of that class of work. Their display of fine work is very large and well worth visiting by persons wishing to purchase. T

No More Smokey Chimneys.

The Lothair Ventilator and chimney top is guaranteed to cure all smoking chimneys, call and see it at Lacock, Hawthorn & Co., No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny city, Allegheny County. T&F

Pyle's O. K. soap is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the O. K. soap will never use any other. Try it, try and compare. H. BOWERS, Agent.
D&WH P. O. box 210, Rome, New York.

Melons! Melons!! Melons!!!

Choice Melons received at Pan Handle Depot.

HELP NATURE TO RALLY.

After an attack of fever or other acute disease has passed off and nature is endeavoring to rally the debilitated system, help the effort with the standard vegetable tonic of the age, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Nothing known to the physicians or pharmacopolist expedites convalescence like this vitalizing invigorant. Persons who have been prostrated by long-continued sickness re-cover their lost flesh, strength and cheerfulness in less than half the time that would be required to recuperate without it. It is the most genial as well as the most harmless of medicated stimulants, and as a remedy for (as well as a preventive of) dyspepsia, bilious attacks, constipation, nervous diseases, &c., has no equal to its credit. When all other tonics have failed this effects a cure.

DIED:

ANDERSON—At Mount Pleasant, August 24th, Mrs. CATHARINE ANDERSON, mother-in-law of J. Coffin, in the 89 year of her age.

Funeral from Coffin's residence, at 10 o'clock, from Connellsville Depot. Carriages will leave Fairbanks & Swogger's, on Seventh avenue, at 10 o'clock.

ANDERSON—At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. J. Coffin, Mount Pleasant, August 24th, CATHARINE ANDERSON, mother-in-law of J. G. Coffin and Mrs. Jane Coffin, and Jos. Anderson, in the eighty-fifth year of her age.

The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock. This morning, for Connellsville Depot. Carriages will leave Fairbanks & Swogger's, on Seventh avenue, at 10 o'clock.

GRAY—At Rochester, Pa., on Sunday, August 25 at 8 o'clock, A. M., ANNIE LORETTA, infant daughter of Mary E. A. and Mary E. A. Gray, of South Pittsburgh, aged eleven months.

The funeral will take place THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of the child's parents, on Rochester avenue, Pa. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

HARE—On Sabbath, August 25th, at one o'clock P. M., ELIZABETH IZETTA, infant daughter of Thos. and Eleanor Hare.

Funeral THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 141 North avenue, Allegheny.

FAIRMAN, TAGGART & CO., UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, No. 260 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, where they are prepared to furnish Coffins, Shrouds, and every description of Undertaking Goods at the lowest prices. Office open at all hours day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 100 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, Coffins of all kinds, shrouds, crapes, gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods constantly furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases, Hearses and Carriages furnished.

CARRIAGES, $3. HEARSE, $5.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER, No. 117 Fourth avenue, Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms Cash. jy13:mwf

CHARLES, PEEBLES & McGUIRE, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SMITHFIELD STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with neat and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry Coffins, varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night. au5:mwf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $3,212,175.09.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. G. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.
au26:3

NOTICE.

Persons who prefer buying their trees at home, instead of from travelers, can rely on our stock of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses, Small Fruits, &c.,

For the fall trade, being very large and superior.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen,
112 SMITHFIELD STREET.
jy3

Seeds, Plants, Flowers, Etc.

Our Catalogue of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, our Catalogue of Small Fruit and Price List, for spring, 1872, and our Catalogue of Ornamental, Flowering and Bedding Plants now ready, and can be had on application. Bouquets, Cut Flowers, Baskets and Floral Ornaments, executed in the finest style at short notice.

E. CUMMING & CO.,
(Successors to J. ENOX.)
93 SMITHFIELD STREET
my4

POLITICAL GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.
FIREWORKS, FLAGS, LANTERNS,
TORCHES, BADGES, UNIFORMS, &c.
JOSEPH R. PURDY,
32 and 34 Malden Lane,
au24:tuth Established 1843. New York.

THE RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—The weather was intensely hot again to-day, the thermometer marking 98 at out 4 o'clock this afternoon. A rain and thunder storm passed a few miles north of here, cooling the air somewhat.

MEMPHIS, August 26.—Weather generally clear and hot. River about stationary. Departed—City of Helena, St. Louis; Capitol City, Vicksburg; Lawrence, Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS, August 26.—Arrived—Victory, Merrill & Clinton, Keokuk; Grand Tower, Memphis; Colorado, Vicksburg; Friendship, Illinois river. Departed—Northwestern and Lake Superior, St. Paul; City of Chester, Memphis; St. Luke, Jefferson City. River falling. Clear; excessively hot.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—River eight feet ten inches; falling. Arrived—Granite State from Pittsburgh.

NEW ORLEANS, August 26. Arrived—John Kyle and Henry Ames, St. Louis. No departures. Cloudy.

VICKSBURG, August 26.—Down—Ouachita Belle, Up—Belle St. Louis. Clear and warm. River falling.

EVANSVILLE, IND., August 26.—Clear and hot. River stationary; signs of rain. Down—Mollie Ragon, 6 A. M.; Wild Cat and barges, 7; Hawkeye No. 2, 10; B. H. Hunt, 4; Arkansas Belle, 5. Up—Fayette, 9; Leclaire No. 2, 9; Tarascon, 10; Florence Lee, 4; Shamrock, 4—all with moderate trips. Business very light.

CAIRO, ILL., August 25.—Arrived—Dictator, Memphis, 5 P. M. Departed—Dictator, St. Louis. The J. H. Johnson and City of Alton are still aground at Greenfield. River stationary.

Cotton Markets.

GALVESTON, August 26.—Cotton nominal; good ordinary 17@17½c; net receipts 939; exports coastwise 672; stock 7,133.

SAVANNAH, August 26.—Cotton quiet; middles 19¼c; net receipts 101; exports coastwise 221; sales 85; stock 429.

MOBILE, August 26.—Cotton nominal; net receipts 43; exports to continent 13; stock 810.

CHARLESTON, August 26.—Cotton quiet; middles 19¾@20c; net receipts 15; exports to continent 695; New York 672; Baltimore 192; stock 3,080.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to-wit:

Amendment: Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two. JOHN W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the tenth article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
Office Secretary of the Commonwealth,
HARRISBURG, June 26, 1872.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIGARS DE JOY.

Recommended by the Medical Profession as a certain cure in the worst cases of

ASTHMA,

and all spasmodic affections of the Respiratory Organs. In packages of 25 cigars, price $2. Sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield St. and Fourth Ave.
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada
jy4

DOORS AND SASH.

Perfect Material,
Perfect Work,
Perfectly Dry,
Cheaper in the Market.

Hoop, Jones & Co.,
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
au19

GAS FIXTURES.

Having fitted up a large Store Room in our new Building, especially for Gas Fixtures, we have now on exhibition the finest assortment of Gas Fixtures ever brought to this city, selected from the best manufactories in New York and Philadelphia, and now offers the same to the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Birmingham. Country dealers will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock of goods and be convinced that our prices are lower than any other house in the city.

Tate, Munden & Tate.
No. 313 LIBERTY STREET.
jy2-TTSS

AIKEN'S Perfect fitting SHIRTS

Directions for self-measurement on application. Perfect Fitting Shirts of every description always in stock and warranted to fit.

JAMES H. AIKEN,
jy28 74 FIFTH AVENUE, (opposite Postoffice.)

HOLTZMAN & WEIDERHOLD,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Mosquito Bars, Curtain Goods and Bedding,
No. 100 THIRD AVENUE,
au24 PITTSBURGH, PA.

MILLER & CO.'S
(BOSTON) CELEBRATED
PIANOS,

first quality. They are unexcelled in tone, elegant in finish, incomparable in durability and simplicity of construction.

SOLE AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH AND
JOHN ZWEIDINGER.
136 Smithfield Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Music Books, Italian Strings, etc. my27:tf2

HENRY G. HALE,
Merchant Tailor,
COR. PENN AVE. AND SIXTH ST.,
PITTSBURGH.
au27

Duff's College.

The oldest and most reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.

Practical Business Men as Instructors.

Over 50 Engravers' Copy Lines Used.

For Circular containing full information during the entire day.

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